THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,
BY JAMES G. HASSON.

Guaranteed Circulation, - - - 1,188

☞ SUBSCRIPTION RATES. ☜

One copy, 1 year, cash in advance.....$1.50
do do if not paid within 3 months. 1.75
do do if not paid within 6 months. 2.00
do do if not paid within the year.. 2.25

☞ To persons residing outside of the county, 25 cents additional per year will be charged to cover postage.

☞ In no event will the above terms be departed from, and those who don't consult their own interests by paying in advance must not expect to be placed on the same footing as those who do. Let this fact be distinctly understood from this time forward.

☞ Pay for your paper before you stop it, if stop you must. None but scalawags do otherwise.—Don't be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. G. HASSON, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance.

VOLUME XIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1885. NUMBER 15.

Advertising.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers, and the following rates will be strictly adhered to:

	Cash.	Credit.
1 inch, 3 times		
1 " 3 months		
1 " 6 months		
1 " 1 year		
2 " 3 months		
2 " 6 months		
2 " 1 year		
3 " 3 months		
3 " 6 months		
3 " 1 year		
¼ col'n 3 months		
¼ " 6 months		
¼ " 1 year		
½ " 3 months		
½ " 6 months		
½ " 1 year		
1 " 3 months		
1 " 6 months		
1 " 1 year		

Business items, first insertion 10c. per line; each subsequent insertion 5c. per line.
Administrator's and Executor's Notices.....
Auditor's Notices.....
Stray and similar Notices.....

☞ Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society, and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER

Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

TONIC,

For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures

DYSPEPSIA,
Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,
DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, true tonic, unequaled for
TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Decline.
$1 per bottle, 6 for $5.00, of Druggists.
H. H. WELLS, Jersey City, N.J., U.S.A.

BUCHU-PAIBA
Kidney & Urinary Cure
Buchu-Paiba

Remarkable Cures of chronic and acute inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fleur." each $1.

For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Blood Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, $2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 6 of Pills, 3 of Salve, $10. Prepaid on receipt of $10.00 at Laboratory.
H. H. WELLS, Jersey City, N.J., U.S.A.

PE-RU-NA

When every other remedy has failed there is hope in Peruna. Thousands are now in the enjoyment of perfect health from its use who had been given up hopelessly to die by physicians and friends. In consequence of its nice adaptation to the support of weakened organs it is the only medicine needed in all the common ills of life.

-PERUNA-

Invariably Cures Chronic Catarrh, Neuralgia, Headache, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Vertigo, Sickness of the Stomach and Biliousness. For Diseases of the Kidneys and all diseases caused by them, take

-PERUNA-

Peruna is producing a revolution in the history of medicine which will only end when its blessings will be exclusive and universal. For "The Why and Wherefore" address S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Price $1. 6 bottles $5. Directions in both English and German. No. 3.

BILIOUSNESS.

Bilious symptoms invariably arise from indigestion, such as furred tongue, vomiting of bile, giddiness, sick headache, irregular bowels. The liver secretes the bile and acts like a filter or sieve, to cleanse impurities of the blood. By irregularity in its action or suspensions of its functions, the bile is liable to overflow into the blood, causing jaundice, sallow complexion, yellow eyes, bilious diarrhœa, a languid, weary feeling and many other distressing symptoms. Biliousness may be properly termed an affection of the liver, and can be thoroughly cured by BUCKU-PAIBA BLOOD BITTERS. Act upon the stomach, bowels and liver, making healthy bile and pure blood, and opens the culverts and sluiceways for the outlet of disease. Sold everywhere and guaranteed to cure.

RIVINIUS' BLOCK,
EBENSBURG, PA.

CARL RIVINIUS,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

HAS always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any other dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Prompt attention paid to repairing Clocks Watches, Jewelry, &c., and satisfaction guaranteed in both work and price.

C. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness, to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In desperair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the vapors thus obtained. I fortunately discovered the WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded. Send your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Dallas, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma 30 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I am afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to such a degree that I cannot lie down to rest. Publish this for the benefit of others. Should your druggist not keep the remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all Druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Appleyard, Ohio.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

Three Doors West of Postoffice,
HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA

J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place ready to accommodate in business hours. Everything kept neat and tasty. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.
It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALLED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERIAL,
COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
CHICAGO, ILL.

ENCOURAGE
HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of lovers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

—CONSISTING OF—

Parlor and Chamber Suits,
WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS,
Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables,
CHAIRS, LOUNGES, MATTRESSES,

and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest catalogue prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting

of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.

Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

INCORPORATED IN 1857.

STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN.
PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY
OF EBENSBURG, PA.

Premium Notes now in force - $160,000

Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years.

Good FARM PROPERTIES
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.

NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.

GEO. M. READE, President.
T. W. DICK, Secretary.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1881.-1y.

ALL FOR NOTHING.

WHY THE DOCTOR WAS DISGUSTED, AND WHAT MIGHT HAVE DONE WITHOUT HIM.

"Well, wife," said Dr. E——, as he entered his house, which was situated in a cosy village in central New York, "I have got back from a long and dreary ride away down among the mountains, and all to no purpose whatever. The messenger said the man wouldn't live all morning, when the fact is he had only an ordinary attack of colic. If the simpletons had only had sense enough to put a BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER on his stomach he would have been all right in an hour or two. But some folks are slow to learn," added the old physician, swallowing the cup of steaming tea his wife had just poured for him.

Dr. E—— was right; yet people do learn, even though slowly. The rapidly increasing use of Benson's plaster proves this beyond question, and the good doctors are certain to be saved much of their needless toil. In all diseases capable of being affected by a plaster Benson's acts efficiently and at once. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Chemists, New York.

L. F. DARNELL,
PIONEER,
Johnstown, Penn'a,

Makes a Specialty of

FINE FLORAL WORK

—FOR—

BALLS, PARTIES, WEDDINGS, FUNERALS, ETC., ETC.

☞ Flowers packed and sent safely any distance by Express. {feb20-2m.}

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 970 good newspapers sent Free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St. New York.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 962 good newspapers sent Free. Address Geo. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

ARNICA & OIL LINIMENT

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

THE BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY

—FOR—

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CRAMPS,
Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds,
Sciatica, Backache, Frosted Feet and
Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

It is a *safe, sure,* and *effectual* Remedy for Galls, Strains, Scratches, Sores, &c., on

HORSES.

One trial will prove its merits. Its effects are in most cases

INSTANTANEOUS.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions for the treatment of above diseases. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle. Sold everywhere.

Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

Sold by V. S. Barker & Bro., Ebensburg, Pa.

Words of Warning and Comfort.

If you are suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness take Hop Bitters

If you are simply ailing, or if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why, Hop Bitters will surely cure you.

If you are a minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a mother, worn out with care and work, or a man of business or labor, weakened by the strain of your every-day duties, or a man of letters toiling over your midnight work, Hop Bitters will most surely strengthen you

If you are suffering from over-eating or drinking, any discretion or dissipation, or are young and growing too fast, or are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, or stimulating, without intoxicating, if you are old, blood thin and impure, pulse feeble, nerves unsteady, faculties waning, Hop Bitters is what you need to give you new life, health, and vigor.

If you are costive or dyspeptic or suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill. If you are wasting away with any form of Kidney disease, stop tempting death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with fever or terrible sickness Nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in Hop Bitters.

—If you are a frequenter, or a resident of, —a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourges of all countries —Malaria, Epidemic, Bilious and Intermittent Fevers by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have rough, pimply or sallow skin, bad breath, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath and health. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

A Lady's Wish.

"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend.—"How?" inquired the first lady.

"By using Hop Bitters that makes pure rich, blood and blooming health. It did for me as you observe."

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

KELLER'S CATARRH-REMEDY

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER OF THE WORLD.

Catarrh is the most prevalent disease that scarcely a family is exempt, and it is only too frequently a dangerous one. So many preparations are in the market that claim to cure Catarrh, Sore, and Inflamed Eyes, that the public are naturally skeptical, and do not know what to believe. Keller's Catarrh Remedy has been wonderful and sales immense. All that is asked for it is a trial. The most obstinate and long-standing cases of Catarrh, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, yield to its healing influence. Price $1 a bottle, 6 bottles, $5. Sold by druggists, or sent by express, on receipt of price, by Samuel E. Keller & Co., Harrisburg, Pa., six bottles will be sent by express, prepaid. Take no other, for it is the only preparation that reaches the root of the disease and Cures. Send for circular (or ask your druggist for one) concerning Cause, Nature, Symptoms and Cure of Catarrh. It contains testimonials of authentic and genuine cures. It is also the best Blood Purifier in the market. Sold by Druggists generally. Wholesale by SAML. E. KELLER & CO., Proprietors, Harrisburg, Pa. Sold by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., and SNYDER, KLINE & CO., Philad'a, Pa.

LORETTO HOUSE,

(Formerly known as the Myers House)

LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.

JOSEPH F. DURBIN, Proprietor.

☞ Sample Room for Salesmen and good stabling for horses. ☜ TERMS MODERATE.

Feb. 20.-3m.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SOLICIT orders for Nursery Stock—Fruit and Ornamental. A splendid line of new and choice kinds. Good pay and steady employment given to reliable, energetic men. ☞ Write for terms, etc., to *THOMAS W. BOWMAN, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y.*

HOW THEY MAKE LOVE IN TEXAS.

I am waiting in the meadow
While the evening shadows fall,
While the sunset's golden splendors
Fade away beyond recall,
O'er the earth a dewy fragrance
Flings a mantle sparkling bright,
Quivering with untold beauty,
Flashing back the waning light.

Meet me, darling, I am waiting
'Neath the sighing aspen tree;
Round me winds of eve are sweeping,
Whispering to my heart of thee.
Hasten! On my lips are burning
Words to thee I would impart;
Truest love and hope are beating
In my restless, throbbing heart.

Now the dark'ning world is sleeping,
Resting from all grief and care;
Now the silent stars are gleaming
On her tranquil bosom fair;
But my heart is growing weary,
And a pang akin to woe
Steals upon me in the gloaming,
While the shadows come and go.

But I know you will be faithful,
Well I know you will be true,
In your heart a kindred feeling,
Like the love I bear to you.
So I'll cease from all repining,
Banish every doubt and fear,
For through the fragrant gloaming
I can feel your presence near.

—*Bessie Smith.*

THE WAY OF THE RAIN.

I heard an old farmer talk one day,
Telling his listeners how
In the new wide country far away
The rainfall follows the plow.

As fast as they break it up, you see,
And turn the heart to the sun,
As they open the furrows deep and free,
And the tillage is begun.

The earth grows mellow, and more and more
It holds and sends to the sky
A moisture it never had before,
When its face was hard and dry.

And so, wherever the plowshares run
The cloud runs overhead,
And the soil that works and lets in the sun
With water is always fed.

I wonder if that old farmer knew
The half of his simple word,
Or guessed the message that, heavenly true,
Within it was hidden and heard?

It fell on my ear by chance that day,
But the gladness lingers now,
To think it is always God's dear way
That the rainfall follows the plow.

REBECCA STUART.

BY PENSIE.

At 10 years of age Rebecca Stuart was an orphan, her parents dying left their only child penniless and dependent upon the charity of the good people of Strowbridge. She was not a pretty child, but wore an expression of great intelligence, and few passed her by unnoticed. At the village school she made commendable progress in her studies, besides bore the palm of popularity.

Mrs. Rood desired a little girl so do chores and errands, so she gave Rebecca a home. The Roods were the wealthiest family in Strowbridge village. Besides the large dry goods store, Mr. Rood owned half a dozen tenement houses which brought him good rents. At first it seemed strange, but after a while Rebecca became reconciled to her new home, and was happy.

Sometimes, however, when alone at night she could not help thinking of her parents, now in the cold ground, and of her home which, though humble, was more to her than any other ever would be; and then her heart felt as though it would break, and she indulged in copious tears. Her depressed spirits became thereby, relieved, and she arose the next morning feeling much better.

Lottie Rood, Mrs. Rood's eldest daughter, was a beautiful child, besides [illegible] she would always share with the poor orphan. Rebecca was sent to school. At Strowbridge there was but one school which all the children of the village attended. Mrs. Rood discouraged the growing intimacy between her daughter and Rebecca, but children do not care for difference of caste, so they played much together at school.

'Ma, mayn't I go with Rebecca this evening to bring home the cows?' Lottie asked.

'No, Lottie. I wish you to practice your music lesson. You must give up going with Rebecca for the cows; do you know there are poisonous snakes in the old meadows,' replied Mrs. Rood.

'Then they will bite Rebecca, but we have never seen any of them. O, it is so nice to walk out in the meadows, and I want to pick some flowers. Mamma, I will get up early to-morrow morning and practice if you will only let me go this time,' and Lottie put her arms around her mother's neck.

'Well, you must give up teasing me as you do. You may go, but remember it is the last time.'

If you have ever been in the meadow in the late Spring, you know how delightful it is,—fresh, joyous nature all around you. You gather a large bouquet of wild flowers to bring home, and your very heart throbs with rapturous delight. Surely faries preside in the woodlands.

Lottie had given Rebecca two nice oranges that day, one of which she ate, but the other she had in her pocket. As they reached the cot of Granny Rawley, Rebecca entered. Of all eccentric old ladies, perhaps the greatest was Granny Rawley.

'How are you this evening, Granny? This is Mrs. Rood's daughter, Lottie,' said Rebecca, and Lottie smiled pleasantly.

'A fine slip o' a lass, Miss,' replied Granny, 'and fine trimmin's ye wear, too,' she added by way of compliment, casting side wise glances at Lottie, and showing her snags of teeth.

'O, these clothes are not very fine, Granny, they are only my school clothes.'

'My! my! But it's been me that's been feeling beholden. Why haven't you been in afore, Rebecky?'

'I've had a sore foot, so Sam had to fetch the cows. Well, I am sorry you've been poorly,' replied Rebecca.

Going up to her, Granny whispered: 'Rebecky, I guess you might be goin' now, 'er I don't much care for the children of them upper-tens. Come when ye're alone, an' I can chat wi' ye, an' ye can scratch a bit o' a letter to my girl, Caroline.'

'All right, Granny,' laughed Rebecca, slipping her remaining orange quietly into her hand, 'I'll come when I can.'

The girls continued their homeward walk at a very slow pace, stopping occasionally to pick some violets, or watch the little grey squirrel spring nimbly from branch to branch. Their conversation was carried on in patchwork style—a word or two here and there. Upon reaching the spring they rested on the grass.

Presently Lottie discovered a human form crouching behind a tree. She quietly told Rebecca, adding: 'I believe it is the old woman you were talking too at the cottage.'

'Yes, Lottie, as sure as you are alive it is Granny Rawley,' and Rebecca's dark earnest eyes spoke surprise.

'How strange! Let us hasten home. I guess she hurried to the spring for water, and hearing us talking, tried to hide, fearing we might think she followed us.'

'Rebecca, I just believe she has been near us all the way hearing every word we said. Papa says she is queer. I am sure that old limp sun bonnet she wears, and blue flannel jacket and purple dress give her an odd appearance.'

Granny Rawley was a wonder to many. Some supposed her well off; others, poor. She had a husband, but no one knew why he left her or anything of his whereabouts. She lived alone, and was frequently seen at night dragging home wood. Almost the only person she seemed to have any attachment for was Rebecca Stuart, whom she flattered and coaxed until the girl felt she must not neglect her usual visits to Granny Rawley.

Rebecca, though but a child, felt a warm sympathy for her isolated and cheerless life; her own heart had its sorrow, and it went out in an overflow of kindliness toward the distressed.

As time wore on the two young girls grew fonder of each other, though the barrier which wealth places before poverty seemed growing higher each succeeding day. Lottie had a music teacher and practiced upon an elegant piano-forte, she had also a master in drawing and painting, besides was not permitted to do the least work that her hands might be fair and well shaped.

Poor Rebecca used to creep under the window and listen to Lottie taking her music lessons. How she wished she, too, might learn to play even a little. She was exceedingly fond of Lottie's painting and drawing, and a few times Lottie took her out under the great oak tree, and gave her instruction in sketching a picture. Rebecca in a short time was the fortunate possessor of quite a collection of crude attempts of her own.

Mrs. Rood did not consider that she treated Rebecca unkindly. She required her to work at odd times for her board and clothing, besides she permitted her to attend the village school, but took no care to instruct her in those precepts which are essential to the formation of true character; nor did she ever try to win the child's love, or to smooth the rough places in her young life, and the poor orphan felt shut out from the warm mother sympathy; so she naturally turned to one poor and forlorn—to poor Granny Rawley—for comfort. Granny Rawley praised her drawings, and told her to continue, that some day she might become a great artist. Quite elated by the praise and allurings of success, Rebecca redoubled her zeal.

One evening Rebecca went as usual for the cows but did not return, the cows going home alone. After waiting in vain for her return, the neighborhood turned out and diligently searched the hills and hollows.

'Perhaps she has been taken ill and is at Granny Rawley's,' some one said.

A party started immediately to Granny Rawley's cot, but it was dark. No answer to their repeated knocking, so without more ado they opened the door and entered. The house was deserted. What could it mean? Had there been foul play? The closest search could not discover the least clue to their whereabouts. Days lengthened into weeks, and weeks into months, but the mystery remained unsolved.

Lottie grieved deeply over the loss of her poor little friend.

'Well, to tell you how I feelin',' 'I guess mayhaps as well it should be thus. Lottie was so attached to Rebecca, and any great intimacy between them would be quite improper a few years hence owing to the difference in their station. I hope nothing dreadful has happened to her.'

'Poor child! I do not believe she willingly strayed off,' said the lady.

'If not we shall hear from her the first opportunity she gets of sending us a line.'

'Did she take her clothes with her?'

'No, nothing. Even her cherished drawings remain undisturbed in her box. It is the strangest thing. I am sure if she felt dissatisfied and wished her dismissal, she should have had it had she mentioned it to me,' said Mrs. Rood.

Poor child! Ignorant of the world's wickedness, and trusting all who appeared kind to her; susceptible of influence; untaught in her moral duty towards herself and others, she grew up much as plants do. Mrs. Rood meant well toward Rebecca, but like many others, she was too much occupied with her worldly vanity to perform her obligation to the child in her care.

Granny Rawley bound Rebecca to secrecy, and then told her she was nothing but a slave for the proud Roods, who would compel her to work for them always and pay her nothing; that she was too pretty for the kitchen; that her talent was such that she could be the finest lady in the land. She insisted that Mrs. Rood did not love her, and urged her to leave her home and she would take her to a beautiful city where her daughter Caroline lived, and pleased the girl's fancy mentioning the different pleasures they would together enjoy. She did not commit herself suddenly, but by degrees extended her powers over the child. The mysterious Granny Rawley was a very wicked woman, but she was so artful that Rebecca was deceived as to her true character; nor did she perceive herself drawn into a snare. She was very much troubled, but was afraid to speak of her fears, though she believed she ought to tell Mrs. Rood and ask her if it was true.

Mrs. Rood had never encouraged Rebecca to confide in her but in this case it was different. Finally she concluded that the first time she had a chance to speak to Mrs. Rood privately she would tell her what Granny Rawley said.

As Rebecca passed her cot with the cows, Granny was at the door waiting for her, and in the road stood a carriage.

'Ah! enit, don't often get a ride in so fine a turnout as that there. Ye cows will go 'long wi' out ye. Git in and take a bit o' a ride, and I'll take ye home.'

Rebecca felt delighted at the thoughts of a ride seated among the soft, pretty cushions. It was hardly in child nature to refuse, so, trusting to the cow's going home, she accepted the invitation.

They had a delightful ride, the horses were spirited and carried them along rapidly. How all the trees seemed to be going too! A few rods brought them to a road which branched from the highway and lead through the country; a road lonely and unfrequented which was used only by a few farmers.

'We'll take a bit o' turn down the lane, an' ye'll see how manuerly them horses will cross through the slim creek. It is a nearer road to ye home, lass,' said Granny Rawley as they entered the cross road and swiftly carried farther into the deep woods, and soon were many miles from the dear old Strowbridge.

* * * * * * * *

Twenty five long eventful years have passed. It was evening. All day there had been a drizzling rain, but at night's approach the wind changed. It turned bitter cold, and the ground was covered with sleet.

In a dismal basement room a poor woman lay apparently dying with none near save her little 9-year-old daughter. Her sufferings had become almost unbearable and she begged aloud for help. The child hastily wrapping a thin, torn shawl about her started out in the great New York, in the inclement weather, as the last streak of daylight was fading from the sky to try to secure aid for her mother.

Poverty, wretchedness, and ragged little children are common sights in a large city, and many pass them by or jostle them aside unmindful of their suffering. The child had with great difficulty made her way through a busy street, but at a crossing half way over she slipped and fell, while an elegant carriage passed so near that the coachman, thinking his horses had trampled the child, stopped to ascertain her condition.—She had sprained her ankle in the fall, but was otherwise unhurt.

'Tom, assist her in the carriage, I will take her home,' said the lady.

The little girl cried piteously.

'What is your name, my child? Are you seriously hurt?'

'Lucy. O please ma'am, let me go! My mother is dying, and I want to get Dr. Hugh Murry to come quickly and cure her.'

'Poor little Lucy! Direct me and I will take you to Dr. Murry. We will try to cure your mamma.'

'O thank you! My poor mamma!'

The child's plaintive story touched the lady's kind heart, and she resolved to visit the poor woman whose worthless husband had deserted her.

Little Lucy was rendered more comfortable by the addition of a warm shawl.

Dr. Murry accompanied them to the dark, dismal basement room that Lucy called home,—a place destitute of every convenience, and a sight met their gaze which sickened the heart. The strange lady could not help uttering an exclamation of horror.

A woman who had once been beautiful but now worn with fever and suffering, too ill to notice them lay on a miserable bed of straw and rags in one corner of the room.—Dr. Murry immediately administered a restorative, while the kind lady dispatched her coachman to a grocer for some provisions.

Taking from her purse a card bearing her address, Miss Stanly presented it to Dr. Murry, telling him that it was her intention to befriend the sick woman, Mrs. Barton, and to bear the expense of medical attention.

They consulted about procuring a suitable nurse. Dr. Murry promising to send one whom he knew was competent. Mrs. Barton was completely prostrated by disease, and nothing but constant attention and skillful treatment could restore her health.

Dr. Murry went in quest of a nurse, and returned in a short time bringing that valuable assistant, Mrs. Crow, while Miss Stanly remained with Mrs. Barton and with her own delicate hands prepared some food for the half starved child. Shortly after Dr. Murry's return she took her departure.

'Strange matters, my lady should do so much for them strangers, I specks them to be some poor relations.'

In the course of time Mrs. Barton had so much recovered as to be able to ride out, and Miss Stanly took her daily in her carriage. Finding Mrs. Barton a lady of culture, she entertained her with a brief account of her life.

'My situation when a child was deplorable. I was decoyed from my adopted home, (for at 10 years of age I was left a penniless orphan,) by a most cruel, wicked woman, who tried to estrange me from my best friends by inventing horrible falsehoods.—She enticed me to visit her, but it was done only to destroy me. I was kidnaped and taken to New York where I endured every kind of cruelty and hardships. I was sent to beg, to steal, to sweep streets, and pick rags, and was severely beaten if I failed to perform all required of me. My associates were children well schooled in deception and wickedness. Many a time I have cried myself sick, and have often been forced to beg for food. All that inspired me with horror and shame, as I knew it was wrong, and gladly would I have sought my friends, but knew not how to find them. At last I resolved to leave my persecutors, and walked a great distance away, sleeping the first night in a woodshed; the second on a porch, for it was warm weather.

'On the third day I was far into the suburbs, and being fatigued, I sat down under a tree near a pretty white frame house.—Thinking over my trouble, I began to cry. How long I had been there I do not know for I had fallen asleep. I was awakened by some one standing over me, and looked up into the kindest face I ever saw. O, it was so soothing once more to receive a kind word.'

'Such was my experience the first time I saw your face and heard your voice,' said Mrs. Barton.

The lady smiled and continued: 'God raised up a friend for me in that good man who took me to his home, and upon hearing my story shed tears. He adopted me as his own daughter, giving me the name Mary Stanly, and I was decently dressed, kindly treated and placed at one of the best schools. Learning later that I had great talent for art and perceiving his health failing, he took me to Italy there to finish my education.

'Father's (for such I always called him) health improved a little, and we enjoyed each other's society very much, and he took a keen delight in my studies. Soon after becoming pleasantly located, he died. Great indeed was my surprise to learn that his will made me possessor of $80,000 for I did not know that he was a rich man.

'He had no heirs to inherit his fortune but a half sister and me.

'Thus from a beggar in rags, I was elevated to a lady in elegant attire. I remained in Europe pursuing my art and earning a reputation as an artist, but thinking of my parents' neglected graves, I returned three months ago to America.'

Mrs. Barton sat looking into that noble benign countenance with a reverential feeling. Speaking slowly and with deepest emotion, Mrs. Barton said:

'Are you mortal, or an angel in disguise? You have talent and wealth and stoop to notice a poor beggar like me?'

'I have talent, wealth, and fame, but am alone in the world. Every time I meet a little beggar girl it recalls to mind my former condition, and I make it a rule to learn something about them, and to aid them if possible. I feel a true sympathy for those in distress, and do what I can to relieve them. No doubt my own sorrow has caused me to realize misery in others; and surely God who has befriended me would be pleased to have me extend it to others.'

'O, Miss Stanly, you are a true Christian. You assisted me from holy and lofty motives, and an excess of benevolence. Surely, yours has been a checkered and an eventful life.'

'Yes there are few who have experienced what I have. Since my return from Europe I have visited the prison where the old woman—my abductor and some of her associates are passing their lives. She said she had repented of her crimes and sins, and begged my forgiveness, which she has freely.'

'I presume she has been severely punished? What crime caused her imprisonment?'

'Murder,' replied Miss Stanly. 'O, it was horrible.'

'Miss Stanly, pardon my question, but have you any objection to telling me your former name.'

'My name was Rebecca Stuart, and my home was at Strowbridge.'

Mrs. Barton threw her arms around her friend's neck and cried freely.

As soon as she could articulate, she exclaimed:

'Don't you know me, Rebecca? I am Lottie you used to love. To think that I did not recognize you!'

No wonder. Rebecca had developed into a most beautiful woman, and rich dress set off her fine figure to advantage. It was now her turn to be surprised.

'Lottie! You Lottie Rood! Can it be possible? What has caused this change?' Mrs. Barton was overcome at the unexpected good fortune of being again united to her long lost friend.

After a short interval, during which both shed tears freely, Mrs. Barton said:

'Rebecca, you are surprised to meet me in such deplorable circumstances. Who ever thought the wealthy Mr. Rood's daughter would come to this? I am now a wretched beggar, and a wanderer from my father's house. The chief causes of the unhappy change are improper training in youth and bad company. People may have envied me when I reigned a society belle, dressing extravagantly and practicing all the arts and deceptions of a coquette, but I was more to be pitied. My last rash act was to marry a fortune hunter and come here without even the knowledge of my parents.' Here the wretched woman broke down and cried bitterly.

'Never mind, Lottie, let the past be forgotten. You must begin anew. Let every action proceed from good motives and you will never more feel this remorse. Cheer up, Lottie. Trust me; I can help you,' said her noble friend.

'God will reward you, Rebecca. I will begin anew. Henceforth you will direct me,' replied Mrs. Barton.

'We must visit Strowbridge together, and seek a reconciliation with your parents.—There is much good work for us to do.'

'O how you cheer and invigorate me!'

A few years later, Dr. Hugh Murry purchased a handsome residence on the Hudson, having induced the lovely and talented Rebecca to share it with him.

Heaven smiles [illegible] upon those who live righteously, and upon the erring who forsake their evil ways.

There is happiness and honor for those who seek it.

How Col. Ellicott Killed a Turkey and Saved His Life.

A Columbia county Pa., letter says there is in possession of the decendants of Colonel Andrew Ellicott, of this county, a wampum belt of rare beauty and value, which is preserved as a memento of the shrewdness and skill of the great surveyor, by which he not only became the possessor of the belt, but saved his life and the lives of many others. Directly after the purchase of Louisiana from the French Government, Col. Ellicott was sent by the United States Government to survey the boundary line between the new territory and Mexico, which then included Texas. He was accompanied by a large corps of engineers and 100 Government troops. They had penetrated into the interior of the then wild country, when one day Ellicott and his corpse of engineers found themselves surrounded by a large body of Blackfeet Indians, by whom the entire party was captured. Col. Ellicott had a half-breed interpreter, who found out that it was the intention of the Indians to massacre the white captives, and he informed the chiefs that his master was a great medicine man who could do many wonderful things, among them being his ability to kill a man or any living thing at a distance of 150 yards, while the object he shot at was hidden from view behind a tree, and he would not aim at it or shoot through the trees. The chiefs said that if the interpreter's master would kill a wild turkey in that way they would give the whole party their liberty. Col. Ellicott was not a good rifle shot, but he was able to do many clever things in shooting by means of mechanical tricks. When the decision of the chiefs was given they procured the wild turkey and told Col. Ellicott to exhibit his power. Confident of his success he drove a stake in the ground a few feet beyond the trunk of the tree with an axe. Tying the turkey firmly to the stake so it could not move from its position, he walked in an oblique direction to one side of the tree and struck the blade of his axe, apparently with design, into the ground and then made a mark on it with chalk. Pacing off the 150 yards, he aimed at the chalk mark and fired. An Indian chief ran behind the tree and brought the turkey out dead, the ball, glancing from the axe, having passed clear through its body, with such nicety had Col. Ellicott calculated the angles. The principal chief was so delighted with the feat that he unclasped the magnificent belt he wore and fastened it about Col. Ellicott's waist. The surveyors were given their liberty and the belt worn by the Colonel insured him and his party safety and reverence during the remainder of the survey.

There must be an open road between the food we eat and the substance of which our bodies are composed. If the road is clogged or closed we sicken, faint and die.—This road is made up of the organs of digestion and assimilation. Of these the stomach and liver are chief. Most people have had more or less experience of the horrors of constipation. Prevent it and all its fearful sequences by using Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy." It is the first step that costs.

SOME POINTS IN BUSINESS LAW.

If a note is lost or stolen, it does not release the maker; he must pay it, if the consideration for which it was given and the amount can be proven.

Principals are responsible for the acts of their agents.

Each individual in a partnership is responsible for the whole amount of the debts of the firm, except in cases of special partnership.

An agreement without consideration is void.

A note made on Sunday is void.

A contract made with a minor is void.

A note obtained by fraud, or from a person in a state of intoxication cannot be collected.

A receipt for money is not always conclusive.

The acts of one partner bind all the rest.

The maker of an "accommodation" bill or note (one for which he has received no consideration, having lent his name or credit for the accommodation of the holder), is not bound to the person accommodated, but is bound to all other parties precisely as if there was a good consideration.

Checks or drafts must be presented for payment without unnecessary delay.

All claims which do not rest upon a seal or judgment must be sued within six years from the time when they arise.

Part payment of a debt which has passed the time of statutory limitation revives the whole debt, and the claim holds good for another period of six years from the date of such partial payment.

If, when a debt is due, the debtor is out of the State, the "six years" do not begin to run until he returns. If he afterward leave the State, the time forward coun

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

MAY, - - - MAY 8, 1885.

THE bill prohibiting the employment of persons under eighteen years of age as public school teachers, was defeated on second reading in the House at Harrisburg last week.

JOHN ADAMS, the second President, in the paid fifteen thousand dollars for a suit of clothes and a hat. It was, of course, with what is known as Continental money that he made the purchase and at a time when it had reached its greatest depreciation.

THE desk of Mr. Ridge, a member of the Legislature from Philadelphia, was robbed on yesterday week of seven dollars worth of postage stamps and a copy of Smull's Hand Book. As Ridge didn't pay a red cent either for the stamps or the Hand Book, but got them at the expense of the State treasury, his loss is not of the kind that is likely to drive him to suicide.

IT is said at Harrisburg that Governor Pattison is determined to keep the expenditures of the State government within the revenues, even if he has to resort to a liberal exercise of the veto power. He is carefully watching the appropriation bills in their progress through the two houses, and his estimate is that the bills now on the calendar, if they should become laws, would appropriate over a million of dollars beyond the amount of the revenues from all sources.

THE present Republican Legislature having been in session four months, the one-fourth of which time has been wasted in regular adjournments from Friday at noon till the following Monday evening, and the public press of both parties having openly denounced its shortcomings, Colborn, of Somerset, who aspires to boss the House, admonished his friends in that body the other day that they could not afford to be laughed at by their Democratic brethren and all the world, as they deserved to be. And yet all these men will ask their constituents to reelect them.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND accompanied by Vice President Hendricks and several members of the Cabinet, left Washington on last Monday morning to attend the annual meeting of the veterans of the Army of the Potomac on the battle field of Gettysburg. Gov. Pattison welcomed the President in an appropriate speech from the grand stand and after several other addresses had been delivered, the Presidential party under the guidance of ex-Governor Curtin and Col. Batchelder visited the most important points on the battle field.—The President and party returned to Washington about 8 o'clock in the evening.

AN interesting race on skates was to have come off at one of the Pittsburg rinks on last Wednesday evening, between Robert S. Hamerstick and Conrad Huntsinger. The prize is a handsome Dutch girl of the Twenty-sixth ward in that city. Both have been "mashed" on her for some time and a few evenings ago they both met at her house. A dispute arose as to which had the best right to call. The girl settled the matter by telling them they should decide the question by skating a two mile race, the winner to have the exclusive right to visit her. They agreed to the proposition, but what the result was we have not yet learned.—If human folly can improve on this we would like to see what shape it will take.

ABOUT a year ago we were led to believe that ex-Congressman Morgan R. Wise, of Greene county, in this State, had forever retired from politics, but we were mistaken, as a dispatch from Washington of April 28th, states that the irrepressible Morgan R. was then in that city, trying to convince Mr. Cleveland that he is just the man to be appointed Governor of the Territory of Arizona. If Wise possessed any of the gift of seeing himself as others see him, he would have long since retired into a hole and pulled the hole in after him, but his thirst for office seems to be insatiable, and like so many other men, he always wants an office which he is notoriously incompetent to fill. The Apache Indians are Arizona's greatest scourge, and the President will never add to her tribulations by inflicting Morgan R. Wise upon her as her Governor.

No man has a definite comprehension, not even the Commissioner of Pensions himself, of the amount of money that is annually paid out on dead and fraudulent pension certificates. All that can be said about it is that the names of the pensioners, with the amounts they are respectively entitled to receive and the agencies where they are paid, are correctly known by the Commissioner, and that at the end of each fiscal year a certain amount of money has been disbursed. If every one connected with the pension agencies was honest, this would all be entirely satisfactory, but in some of them are to be found dishonest clerks who have been swindling the government for years. Only a week or ten days ago the new Commissioner of Pensions directed the suspension at the Philadelphia agency of 102 pensions, whose pensions have been drawn regularly since 1871, the year, as the Commissioner says, in which many of the pensioners died. At the same agency seven widows who remarried in 1881, and therefore forfeited their pensions, have continued to draw them ever since. These frauds, that is the drawing of the money after the pensioners were dead, was the work of a couple of clerks at the agency who were convicted some time ago and are now in the penitentiary. No doubt similar frauds have been perpetrated at other agencies, but from the vigilant manner in which General Black the new Commissioner is administering his office they will be unearthed.

THE House at Harrisburg having failed by the small margin of eleven votes to override the Governor's veto of the job for stealing fifteen thousand extra copies of Smull's Hand Book, immediately turned its attention to putting through another bill directing a less number, *ten* thousand, to be forthcoming for the use of the members of the two houses. The bill has been rushed through the House at railroad speed, taking precedence of almost all other legislation and was passed finally on Tuesday by 115 yeas, to 33 nays.—Soon after this performance the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution abolishing the poll tax as a qualification for voting, which was so earnestly recommended by Gov. Pattison in his last message, came before the House for consideration, and was defeated the vote in its favor being under 101. This is the kind of hair pin the present House delights in showing itself to be. When the Hand Book swindle was on second reading a Republican member from Bucks county named Shoemaker, covered himself all over with mud by offering, and the Republicans by adopting, an amendment directing one hundred copies to be given the Governor, hoping, we suppose, that this petty bribe would induce the Governor to stultify his record in vetoing the first bill. Mr. Shaw, of Blair county, who seems to have a conscience that revolts at an act of legislative larceny, offered an amendment requiring the members to pay for all the Hand Books received by them at their cost price and that the remainder be sold at the same rate, but his proposition was promptly defeated. If this bill passes the Senate the Governor will, of course, behead it with another veto and then the struggle will again be to pass it over his head. This second attempt to rob the State treasury is even more disgraceful than the first.

AT the late term of the Luzerne county Court the Grand Jury set a precedent which might be followed with great advantage in other counties. In that county as in nearly every other in the State, the Grand Juries are called upon at every term to dispose of a large number of trifling cases that grow out of petty quarrels and private jealousies, that have no business to take up the time of the Court. Of this class of cases the Luzerne Grand Jury dismissed *eighty-five*, imposing the costs in each case upon the prosecutor. The primary source of the mischief is the habit of a large number of the Justices of the Peace returning to Court every petty prosecution that is instituted before them, instead of disposing of them finally as they have the right to do. This evil grew to such proportions in Allegheny county a year or two ago, that a Judge of the criminal Court in Pittsburg said from the bench, that it was to be regretted that Grand Juries hadn't the power to impose the costs on the Justices of the Peace, who send insignificant cases before a Court to consume its time, and subject the county to daily pay and mileage of the jurors who try them. What the Grand Jury of Luzerne county has just done could have been done quite as well by the Justices of the county, and at a large saving to the prosecutors, if they had performed their duty.

FROM an interesting review in a recent number of the Philadelphia *Times* of a volume of the essays and speechss of the late Jeremiah S. Black prepared by his son, Chauncey F. Black, the present Lieutenant Governor of the State, we get the closing sentences of Judge Black's argument before the Electoral Commission in February 1877 — the South Carolina case, and in defence of Mr. Tilden's right to the Presidency.—We read the speech soon after Judge Black delivered it and now publish its conclusion, as a specimen of the withering, sledge hammer style of that wonderfully great man. It is as follows:

> If this stands accepted and the law you have made for this occasion shall be the law for all occasions we can never expect such a thing as an honest election again. If you want to know who will be President by a future election do not inquire how the people of the United States are going to vote. You need only know what kind of scoundrels constitute the Returning Boards and how much it will take to buy them.
>
> But I think that even that will end some day. At present you have us down and under your feet. Never had you a better right to rejoice. Well may you say: "We have made a covenant with death and with hell are we at agreement; when the overflowing scourge shall pass through it shall not come unto us, for we have made lies our refuge and under falsehood have we hid ourselves." But, nevertheless, wait a little while. The truth will rise gradually and slowly but surely and then look out for the overflowing scourge. The refuge of lies shall be swept away, and the hiding-place of falsehood shall be uncovered. This mighty and puissant nation will yet rouse herself up like a strong man after sleep and shake her invincible locks in a fashion little thought of now. Wait: retribution will come in due time. Justice travels with a leaden heel, but strikes with an iron hand. God's mill grinds slow, but dreadfully fine. Wait till the flood-gate is lifted and a full head of water comes rushing on. Wait and you will see fine grinding then.

DR. BUTTERMORE, who, when he was a member of the lower branch of the Legislature two years ago, secured an appropriation of $12,500 for a hospital at Connellsville, Fayette county, and subsequently in connection with the other two trustees drew the money from the State Treasury, upon an affidavit that a like amount had been subscribed by citizens of the county, which turned out not to have been the fact, slipped into Harrisburg one day last week and paid the money back into the Treasury. This peculiar transaction has been investigated by a committee of the Legislature whose report has not yet been made, and it is believed when made will be so damaging to Dr. Buttermore as to bottle him up for all time to come.—If it does there will be little sympathy felt for him, since he deliberately stepped into a trap of his own construction and has been nicely caught.

IT may now be regarded as settled that there will be no war between England and Russia, both governments having agreed to submit the question at issue to some European power, probably the Emperor of Germany. The London *Post* of Tuesday last says: "One more humiliation when they crowd so thickly on us would be of little moment if thereby we avoided war, but even if the frontier question is settled the inevitable conflict will only be postponed for a brief period."

EX-CONFEDERATES FOR OFFICE.

The appointment of so many ex-Confederates of the South to important offices by President Cleveland continues to give much offense to the opposition organs. Yet if the South is to be recognized as entitled to political equality in the Union of States, the President could do no less. The men of the South who were not in some official capacity in the late Confederacy are extremely rare and enjoy in a very small degree the respect and confidence of the people. But in waving the bloody shirt over these appointments the opposition organs afford the Democrats the opportunity to review the list of ex-Confederates who have been elevated to offices and honors by Republican Administrations, including General James Longstreet, Amos T. Akerman, David M. Key, John S. Mosby, Thomas Settle and James S. Chalmers, the "hero of Fort Pillow." Every ex-Confederate of political influence has been sure of recognition by Republican Administrations since the close of the rebellion upon the condition that he would abandon the Democrats and act with the Republicans. No other test of loyalty was imposed on him. Mahone and Riddleberger, ex-Confederates help to make up the narrow Ripublican majority in the United States Senate. In view of these facts it is rather foolish in Republican organs to lash their partisan readers into a rage over the nomination of Southern Democrats to office.

This spectre of the restoration of the ex-rebels to power was reproduced on the political stage during the last Presidential contest, and it was banished, never to return, in the election of Cleveland. If any blame attaches to the appointment of Southern Democrats to important offices it is shared by the Republican Senate. The Republican Senate in every instance has promptly confirmed these nominations except that of General Lawton, of Georgia, for Minister to Russia. In this case the nomination was not confirmed immediately, on a technical ground of objection. It appears that the disabilities of General Lawton had not been removed, and his nomination was reported to the Senate by the Foreign Relations Committee in order to afford a future opportunity for overcoming this objection so that the nomination might be confirmed in the next session of Congress.

But denunciations and reproaches are heaped on President Cleveland by the organs, which forget in the eagerness of their partisan zeal that the Senate shares with him the responsibility of these appointments to office. If the nominations were objectionable on personal or public consideration it was the duty of the Senate to reject them. The President took care that his selections of Southern men for important places of honor and trust at home and abroad that no just complaints could be raised concerning their personal character and fitness. There remained, then, to the Senate no other reason for rejecting them than their participation in the rebellion. Their rejection for such a cause after twenty years of peace and a restored Union would have been an act of sectionalism in the Republican Senate sure to do infinitely more political harm to its authors than its objects. In denouncing the Presidents for nominating ex-Confederate generals and statesmen to high office the organs of sectionalism obliquely attack the Republican Senate for confirming them. Yet the organs must be conscious their rejection would have been a political blunder of the first magnitude in betraying the implacable sectional character of the party committing it.—*Philadelphia Record.*

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania on Monday, through Justice Mercur, rendered an important decision as to the degree of insanity necessary to be proven in order to work the acquittal of a prisoner charged with homicide. The Court takes the ground that "moral insanity is not sufficient to constitute a defense unless it be shown that the propensities in question exist to such an extent as to subjugate the intellect, control the will and render it impossible to do otherwise than yield thereto; that no mere moral obliquity of perception will protect a person from punishment for his deliberate act," and that "while a slight departure from a well balanced mind may be pronounced insanity in medical science, yet such a rule cannot be recognized in the administration of law when [illegible] is on trial for the commission of a high crime," and necessary protection of society requiring recognition of a rule which demands a greater degree of insanity to exempt from punishment." This decision ought to have the effect of lessening the number of pleas of "not guilty because of insanity" in murder cases. We have had too much of that kind of insanity which began with the destruction of a human life and ended with the acquittal of the accused on his trial for murder.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

SOUND SENSE FROM DAN VOORHEES.—Senator Voorhees, who has been disappointed in securing important appointments under the administration, says among other things: "The distribution of patronage is not a proper subject upon which to break with an Administration. Dishonesty in office or the administration of the Government upon false principles of legislation can alone justify a leader of the party in rushing into opposition. It is, in my opinion, highly impolitic for any one who fails to get an office to cry out that the party is lost, and then fail to railing against the Administration. To men who are before the country accusing this Administration of moving slowly it ought to be a sufficient answer that the Democratic party takes possession of a Government that has been for twenty-five years in the hands of the Republicans, and that the Senate is still Republican. If the Administration went to work with a reckless rapidity in making changes the members of it would thereby prove their unfitness for their places. I refuse to discuss any such proposition as that Mr. Cleveland may prove disloyal to his party or the principles upon which we elected him. My confidence in his integrity is absolute."

THE MORALS OF THE SOUTH.—Glittering generalities stand no chance in the face of statistics. For years the Northern papers represented the average Southerner as a man in a slouch hat. It took a long time to convince them that the Derby and the tail hat were not altogether unknown in this section. Southerners were also shown up as profane swearers, whiskey drinkers and outlaws. Gradually, however, the country has come to the conclusion that there is more lynch law out West than in the South, and that the average Southerner does not do any more swearing than his Northern brother. As to the whiskey drinking, the facts show that the South is the most temperate section of the Union. Mississippi has 130 saloons; Minnesota, with about the same population has 3,000 saloons. Arkansas has 1 314 saloons; California, with about the same population, has 9,339 saloons; old Bourbon Kentucky has 4 461 saloons, and Ohio 15 890. Startling as the statement may be, in proportion to population, the North has twice as many saloons as the South. All this is very gratifying, and the good work will be complete when we establish the fact that the negro has a better showing in the South than anywhere else.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

Gentlemen:—I was troubled with Kidney Disease, and was induced to try Hunt's Remedy. It relieved me in three days. It is truly a blessing to mankind. It relieved me of Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Pain in the Back, Dizziness, Headache, Pain in the Region of the Kidneys, and Gravel. I am now entirely free from all these troubles, and I attribute my present good health to the use of Hunt's Remedy. I recommend it to all my friends. I have used it in my house, it prevents headache and Kidney troubles."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, April 20, 1885.

Your correspondent did not have his usual six hour confidential interview with the President of the United States this week, and is consequently not able to give you a news report hot and steaming from the lips of the Administration. Maybe the reason I didn't call on the President was because my friend did. I have a wild western friend who found himself in Washington last week with two whole hours at his disposal. He decided that the time was not quite sufficient for him to see and talk to everybody in Washington (though he could come as near it as any living man or even woman), and inasmuch as he had to draw the line somewhere, he called only on the President, Secretary Lamar, and your correspondent. I will not attempt to tell all he told me for he talked without punctuation. But to the President he made the original remark that he had no friends to reward, no enemies to punish and no favors to ask. The "no favors to ask" clause seemed to please the President, and he replied: "I am nearly worried to death by those who have nothing but favors to ask." My friend then called at the Interior department on Secretary Lamar, and told him that he wished to see his bath tub. The Saturnine Secretary at once set down my Westerner for a crank, but a glance at his nice clothes and his face painted red with intelligence and humor convinced him that he had struck a character rare. So he showed him the little zinc bath tub and the two four dollar rugs to buy which, he had sold the ten thousand dollars' worth of carriages and horses.

The President and the members of his Cabinet have gone to Gettysburg to celebrate the anniversary of the battle.

This is the first respite that Mr. Cleveland has taken since the 4th of March. Miss Cleveland is away in New York. Col. Lamont and his family, consisting of his wife and two little daughters, have, at the urgent request of the President, moved into the White House, and they will soon accompany the President to his country residence at the Soldiers' Home. The President's cottage at the Home is about three miles from the White House and about a mile and a half from the northern boundary of the city. It is situated on a commanding elevation with a fine view of the city and the Potomac river. Surrounded by trees acres of greensward, it will have all the advantage of a summer resort with the additional advantage of complete retirement from society and fashion that cannot be obtained at Long Branch, Saratoga or Newport.

The illnes of the President's private secretary has revived the old talk about the peculiar Washington malaria. Every ill that flesh is heir to in this city is attributed by the non-professional writers for the press to malaria. A Senator cannot eat or drink too much but his indisposition is malaria, and one of them went so far as to attribute the accouchment of a prominent woman to the same prolific cause. Washington, as the statistics show, is a universally healthy city, and its death rate shows as small a percentage from malaria as any city in the Union.

What will the Administration do concerning official changes? is a question that is being very earnestly asked at this time. There are in round numbers 102,000 salaried office-holders under the Federal Government. They are the army of politics, for it means their bread. Their discipline enabled the Republican party to keep itself in power for half a century. Nine-tenths of these officials are still in position. What is the President going to do about it? A gentleman who holds a very prominent and responsible position under Mr. Cleveland and comes from a very powerful State occupying a most important political and geographical position, spoke very plainly and fully the other day respecting the matter of changes. He said: "No one better comprehends the necessity for a complete change in all commissioned officials than does the President. He is perfectly aware that the people, in making the change in Presidents last fall, did not mean simply to put one man out and another man in. They meant that the entire system was to be altered and renovated, and you may depend upon it, that is precisely what the President means to do, but he will not be hurried."

K.

GERMAN CARP.—Carp culture is becoming a remarkable industry in this try. To sell is essentially a farm industry profit upon a majority of on with great this county, with practically no risk, with small outlay, with trifling attention and without interfering in the least with any other branch of farm industry. It is believed that about 3,000 persons in the State have commenced the business, mostly in a small way, and in the entire country about 35,000 have made a commencement. Wherever the business is started systematically in simple but properly constructed ponds, the results are successful to a degree far surpassing any other branch of farm industry heretofore attempted.

Give the carp a chance and he will be a success. You need no fancy or large pond. Any waste or unsightly piece of ground or useless swamp will do, the more grass, logs, rocks and litter you submerge the better his carpship will like it. He is not much of a rover; all he wants is a place to swim and a deep place to rest in during the winter. He will not ask you for food or any caring for whatever, only let him have four or five more feet of deep water to snooze away the winter months you are caring for your pigs, cows, sheep, poultry, etc., and they will come forth in the spring and seek the shallows where the grass stands—either dead or alive—and will there roll and flutter with their backs half out of the water, while depositing their spawn, which is of a glutinous nature and adheres to any suitable material, and in a few days thousands of the most minute fish will be seen, so small that at first coming they are difficult to see at all. These small fry, under favorable circumstances will grow to six and seven inches by the time cold weather sets in, and will then cease to either eat or grow, and allow their life functions to be held in abeyance until warm weather sets in in the spring. These six and seven inch fish (and in cases they are larger), will by the coming fall measure from 15 to 17 inches, and be fine and plump, and in texture of flesh much like that of the shad, not by any means objectionable on account of bone, not having any of those backbones common to some varieties of the sucker family.—*Greensburg Democrat.*

Merited Success.

DR. HARTMAN & CO.—Gents: *Peruna* sells very well here. I have ordered several dozen bottles since your agent was here.
W. W. STEELE & CO.,
Chillicothe, Ohio.

Am selling your Peruna. It gives universal satisfaction. G. W. BARRERE,
Hillsboro, Ohio.

Trade splendid on Peruna. We never sold a medicine that gave better satisfaction. D. REED & SON, Pomeroy, Ohio.

The case of medicine you sent me came all right, and is doing me good. Others think so too, who have tried it. Please send me a dozen bottles or Peruna.
ROBERT LOGAN, Topeka, Kan.

Your Peruna sells fast and gives good satisfaction. J. C. SANDERS,
Martinsburg, Pa.

This great medicine can be found at all drug storeg. Ask for it. Also on the book on the "Ills of Life."

—Never neglect a constipated condition of the bowels, or serious results surely follow, such as piles, impure blood and many chronic complaints. Burdock Blood Bitters is the remedy.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The new Catholic college in Pittsburgh was dedicated with imposing services on Sunday afternoon.

—Commodore C. K. Garrison died suddenly of paralysis of the heart at his residence in New York on Saturday.

—Attorney General Garland sets the employs of his department a good example by doing his own marketing and appearing at the office ready for work percisely at 9 o'clock.

—The Harris Remedy Co., St. Louis, Mo., must have confidence in the Pastille treatment for weakness, nervous exhaustion, etc. in men. They offer free trials and trust results for orders.

—Mrs. Frank A. Vanderbilt, the widow of Commodore Vanderbilt, died at 9 o'clock on Monday morning at her residence, No. 10 Washington Place. She had been ill for the past few days with pneumonia.

—Quinsy troubled me for twenty years.—Since I started using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have not had an attack. The oil cures sore throat at once. Mrs. Letta Conrad, Standish, Mich., Oct. 24, '83.

—A life prisoner in the pedlitentiary at Charlestown, Mass., says he has a bullet in his head which he can feel move when he shakes his cranium. He has sold his head to a docter for $15, proviso that he is to keep it until his life sentence has expired.

—Wheeling is no longer the capital of West Virginia. The state archives, property and officers were on Saturday removed to Charleston, which, under the provisions of an act passed in 1879, becomes the permanent seat of government for the state.

—An exchange rises to remark, "the war news reaches flour dealers from the ends of the earth by telegraph, raising the price of flour; but it would take a declaration of peace six months to travel over the same ground and bring the price down again to a peace basis."

—The United States Treasurer, on Thursday, received through the mail an envelope postmarked Washington, D. C., containing a $500 United States note and a note saying: "This $500 belongs to the Treasury of the United States." The money was deposited to the credit of conscience.

—Mr. Joseph Barker, of New Brighton, Allegheny county, who has been acting queerly of late, was discovered a few days ago dissecting a cat, and upon his wife inquiring the cause said he was practicing preparatory to dissecting one of their children. He will be taken to Dixmont.

—Colonel Jim Bowie's famous dagger, which served him in many a combat and was the pattern of subsequent "bowie knives," is now on exhibition at New Orleans. It is a double-edged weapon, with a horn handle and a curved blade fifteen inches long and an inch and a half wide at the bilt.

—Lightning struck the residence of Alexander Cameron, of Shenango township, Lawrence county, the other day and played some queer pranks. The carpet was set on fire in one room, a double barreled shotgun was discharged without injury to the gun, the wheels of a clock were welded together, and the hands split and welded so as to make a perfect letter X. No one was injured.

—The United States grand jury returned indictments against twenty eight of the Oklahoma boomers seperately and a general indictment against the remainder of Arkansas City colony, charging them with inciting and engaging in rebelion against the government in opposition to the president's proclamation. No steps have been taken toward making arrests under the indictment.

—At 11 o'clock on Monday morning Lucy Gilerist, wife of John Gilerist, of Newark, N. J., while insane from drink seized her six-month-old baby and placed it on a block, chopped its head, neck and body with an axe, killing it instantly. Another of her children gave an alarm and neighbors rushed in, but too late to save the baby. The woman without doubt is insane. She says she did the deed because the spirits told her and because she must save Ireland. She was taken into custody.

—Major General Irwin McDowell died at San Francisco Monday night, after a long illness. He was aid de-camp to Gen. Wool in the Mexican war, commanded the Department of Northeast Virginia and the defenses at Washington in 1861, and led the Army of the Potomac at the first battle of Bull Run. Id 1864 he was appointed Commander of the Department of the Pacific, in 1866 of California, in 1868 of the East, and in 1872 of the South. His death was due to pyloric disease of the stomach. He was born in Ohio in 1818.

—Four tramps were taken from jail at forty met, armed [illegible] day night, by whipped until they bled. For the past [illegible] days a gang of tramps has terrorized suburds of Anderson. After the whipping of the tramps a gauntlet was formed from the railroad to the river and through this the tramps were compelled to run and they then plunged into the river. When each one reached the water he was bleeding from the castigation he received. All got out safely on the other side. The citizens of Anderson generally approve of the course taken.

—Wainright's brewery, on Thirty-sixth street, Pittsburgh, caved in with a heavy crash about 3 o'clock on Sunday morning last. The structure was a four story brick and substantially built. In it were twelve thousand barrels of beer and a lot of new and valuable machinery. The immense weight of beer, it is supposed, caused the supports of the floor to give way, and the building collapsed from roof to cellar. The falling of the walls crushed the beer barrels, and torrents of the malt fluid ran down the street and completely flooded cellars. The loss is estimated at $100,000. The structure will be rebuilt at once.

—Three thousand people witnessed the unveiling of the Poe memorial in the main hall of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, in Central Park, New York on Monday afternoon. Men of letters, men of science and others prominent in society were seated on the platform at the east end of the hall when the ceremonies began. They consisted of adresses by Algeron S. Sullivan, Edwin Booth, Louis P. di Cesnola and William Rouseville Ager. The unveiling was conducted by Jodn Gilbert. The memorial is a lifesize marble figure, loosely draped, holding a marble wreath over the bronze medallion of Poe. The medallion is affixed to a white marble tablet, and the whole stands upon a huge block of granite.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., NEW YORK.

P. J. MANSON,

Ebensburg, Pa.

AGENT FOR THE

AURORA WATCHES,

the best in the market. Will sell you

☞ WATCHES, CLOCKS, ☜
☞ AND JEWELRY, ☜

At as low prices as at Johnstown or Altoona. All kinds of repair work promptly done.

Ebensburg, April 17, 1885.-tf.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Washington township road department for the year ending March 9, 1885.

FRANK FRIEDHOFF in account with Washington township, Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$1,359 08	
Balance from last settlement	71 99	
Stone for private use	2 50	$1,433 57
CONTRA CR.		
By exoneration	$ 1 20	
Taxes worked	262 00	
196 days' service as Supervisor	196 00	
Orders, etc., redeemed	209 22	
Cash paid for work	718 14	
Two days at Eb'g and expenses	2 50	$1,433 57
Balance due Supervisor		$2 38

VALENTINE QUARTZ, Superintendent, Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$378 22	
To amount from Commissioners	30 57	$408 86
CONTRA CR.		
By orders redeemed	$ 82 95	
Exonerations	1 90	
Cash paid for work	21 87	
Work on roads	204 72	
83 days' service as Supervisor	83 12	$396 56
Balance due township		$12 30

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders (estimated)	$856 81

ASSETS.

Balance due from ex-Supervisor	$ 12 30	
Due from Lilly borough (est)	86 00	$ 98 30
Excess of liabilities over assets		$ 758 51

We, the undersigned Auditors, hereby certify that we have examined the assets and vouchers in the above statement and find them correct.

JAMES NOON,
JOHN McCAMANY, } Auditors.
ATTEST: JACOB WARNER,
J. BURGOON.

Washington township, April 21, 1885.-3.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

John F. Scanlan vs. J. R. Casselberry and E. S. Richards. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county. No. 259 June term, 1885. Foreign attachment.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Cambria county, ss.

To the Sheriff of said county, Greeting: We command you that you attach J. R. Casselberry and E. S. Richards, late of your county, by all and singular, their goods and chattels, lands and tenements, situate in Adams township, Cambria county, in whose hands or possession soever [illegible] Ebensburg, on the [illegible] day of June next, there to be and appear before Scanlan of a plea of assumpsit, and also that you summon such person or persons in your bailiwick holding possession of said lands and tenements, under the said defendants, as Garnishees, that they be and appear before our Court on the said first Monday of June next, to answer what shall be objected against them and abide the judgment of the Court therein, and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable R. L. Johnston, [illegible] President Judge of said Court at Ebensburg, this eighth day of April, A. D. 1885.

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothy.

By virtue of the above stated writ of Foreign Attachment, I have levied upon and attached all the right, title and interest of J. R. Casselberry and E. S. Richards, of, in and to all that certain tract of land, warranted in the name of Permand Gordon, situate in Adams township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands warranted in the names of William Nicholls, Harry Harrington, Harry Rice, John Anderson and others, containing four hundred acres, more or less, unimproved.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, April 13, 1885.-6t.

L. J. DRIGGS

Having purchased the Nechler Mills (in the future to be known as the

EBENSBURG STEAM FLOURING MILLS,

And put it in good repair, is now prepared to grind all custom work

ON SHORT NOTICE.

Flour and Feed

Kept constantly on hand at the

LOWEST CASH PRICE.

☞ It will be a pleasure for us to wait on all who may favor us with their patronage.

Ebensburg, April 24, 1885.-tf.

THE BIGGEST HUMBUG OUT will always show [illegible] fraud on its very face. If you doubt our business or our goods, we will send sample free. We have an article that every man, woman and child needs and appreciates. Every housekeeper and everybody else will buy it. It pays agents immense profits and gives immense satisfaction. We want 1 AGENT in each county, male or female. Mention this paper and you will get circulars and full information FREE. Samples sent if requested. Address
THE SWEDISH M'F'G. CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

IN THE ORPANS' COURT OF THE county of Cambria. *To the heirs and legal representatives of Francis X. Christy, deceased. Greeting:* You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of June next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Francis X. Christy, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff's Office, Sheriff.
Ebensburg, March 27, 1885.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale, his farm in Cambria township, one and one half miles from Ebensburg, containing 240 Acres, in a good state of cultivation, with good frame house and frame barn, an excellent orchard, plenty of water and about one million feet of lumber on the premises. To parties wishing to purchase a smaller piece of land, he will divide it to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. Call on the subscriber residing on the premises. MARTIN SANDERS.

Cambria twp., Jan. 9, 1885.

Hardware! Hardware!

IMPORTANT TO CITIZENS OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.

WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF INforming the people of Ebensburg and vicinity, that we have opened out in the Tudor building on High street, a new, large and complete stock of hardware of every description,

☞ *MECHANICS' TOOLS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE,*
☞ *FARM IMPLEMENTS, FORKS, SPADES, BLACKSMITH TOOLS, HORSE SHOES, HARROW PINS,*
☞ *NAILS OF ALL KINDS, BAR IRON and STEEL,*
☞ *HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, REPAIRING,*
☞ *VOLVERS, CUTLERY, GUNS, SHELLS,*
☞ *CARTRIDGES, TWINES, CORDAGE, ETC.*

Referring to the above, we respectfully ask the citizens of Ebensburg and surrounding country for a share of their patronage. We have been regularly trained in the hardware business, have bought our goods for cash, and believe we can offer great inducements to those who desire to purchase.

E. DUFTON & SON.

EBENSBURG, April 3, 1885.

HARDWARE! TINWARE! STOVES!

$10,000 in Goods to be Sold at Reduced Rates.

HAVING purchased for cash, we sell for cash 15 per cent. lower than elsewhere. Our fine stock of

RANGES, COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

Are unexcelled in QUALITY AND LOW FIGURES. An immense Line of *Hardware, Tin, Copper, Sheet iron and Silverware, Horse and Stable Furnishings,* And FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

☞ Read our astonishingly low price list:

17 qt. dish pan, pressed	$ 50	4 tin nest pails, with dipper	$ 75
14 qt. dish pan, pressed	45	3 pressed tin basins, nested	75
12 qt. dish pan, pressed	40	2 pudding pans	15
11 qt. dish pan, pressed	30	1 doz. tin cups	25
14 qt. bucket	35	1 large wash boiler, No. 8	85
10 qt. bucket	25	2 good corn brooms	50
1 two hoop bucket, wooden	15	3 coal buckets	75
1 three hoop bucket, wooden	20	Coal oil, per gal	25
4 qt. coffee pot	25	Clothes pins, per doz	10
3 qt. coffee pot	20	White lead, per cwt	5 50
2 qt. coffee pot	15	Nails, per keg	2 75

Wall paper trimmed free. A full line of Sherwin Williams' ready mixed paints. An immense stock of Queensware to be sold 15 per cent. lower than elsewhere.

☞ Agents for the Light Running Home Sewing Machine.

FULL LINE OF BUILDERS' MATERIAL, PAINT, VARNISH AND GLASS AT SPECIAL RATES. ROOFING AND SPOUTING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

☞ All are invited to convince themselves of our SUPERIOR GOODS AND LOW PRICES.

A. C. BUCK & CO.,

Gallitzin, Pa.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

—IN BUYING YOUR—

RANGES, COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,

Cellar Furnaces, Fire-Place Heaters,

Tinware, Copper Ware, Sheetiron Ware,
Lamp Goods of Every Description,
Knives and Forks, Spoons, Soup Ladles,
Granite Ware, Coffee Mills, Plated-ware,
Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, Bread Closets,
Clothes-wringers, Egg Beaters, Slaw Cutters,
Iron Stands, Fancy Spittoons, Slop Buckets

Hard Coal Parlor Heaters,
Soft Coal Parlor Heaters,
Copper Kettles, Brass Kettles,
Iron Kettles, Steam Cookers,
Rice, Milk and Farina Kettles,

And a Large Stock of KITCHEN ARTICLES. Prefer a Democratic Native Call and Examine the Goods. ☞ LOOK FOR THE DOW, AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO FIND THE Administration.

FRANK W. HAY,

No. 280 Washington Street, - - - - - JOHNSTOWN, PA

Still Reducing Stock.

I again call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still selling goods at a great reduction in order to reduce my stock. As you all know my stock consists of everything in the

Hardware, House-Furnishing, and Agricultural

line. It is not necessary to enumerate it here, but come and satisfy yourselves that I am offering bargains in everything. As this is the time of the year for Shovel Plows and Cultivators, call and see my stock, which I am selling right down to first cost. I am also offering great bargains in

Wall Paper, Trunks, Silver Plated Ware,

Well and Cistern Pumps, Double Bitt Axes, &c. Remember my terms are cash, I cannot make these big reductions and charge goods on the books.

G. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, May 16, 1884.-tf.

PORTER AND DONALDSON

WHOLESALE HEADQU

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - MAY 8, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—White hats seem to be the rage.

—For canned goods go to the Sugar Bowl.

—About this season the book agents burst forth.

—For choice groceries go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Don't be in too big a hurry with your white vest.

—Argument Court brought several Johnstown attorneys here.

—Wheat in Pennsylvania will not average more than half a crop.

—Company A of this place, Fifth Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania, has been disbanded.

—The County Commissioners on Tuesday last appointed John Roberts, Esq., Assessor, for Franklin borough.

—Bernard Burgoon, of Washington township, has been laid up for the past ten days with erysipelas, but is said to be slowly recovering.

—The month of May has at last got down to business, and is furnishing the kind of weather that is called for in all first class almanacs.

—Two hundred and fifty children't suits are offered for sale at the Golden Eagle Clothing House, 1301 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, at from $1 75 up.

—Messrs. Baker and Miller, of Philadelphia, shipped on Thursday from the station at this place, a car load of fresh milk cows to Philadelphia.

—Fifty light colored summer suits are offered at the Golden Eagle Clothing House, 1301 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, at half their value. Call and see. H. LARCH, Prop.

—Mr. John Kebler took his departure for Kane, on Wednesday last, where he has accepted a situation as baker, at the Thompson House, of that place.

—On Thursday of last week the citizens of the borough of Huntingdon decided to have water works, by a vote of 611 in favor of to 29 against waterworks.

—The counsel of Curtain McClain, the man who murdered William Smearman at the Newton Hamilton camp meeting, have appealed his case to the Supreme court.

—Mr. James Kearney, formerly of Altoona, has been appointed chief clerk of transportation of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitah Railroad, with headquarters at St. Paul.

—Mr. D. W. Libby, of Gaysport, Blair county, has been appointed Manager of the Cambria Iron Company's interests at Bennington, and assumed his duties on Tuesday last.

—Mr. George W. Kavlor, formerly of Allegheny township, is lying seriously ill at the American College in Rome. His many friends in this vicinity hope for his early recovery.

—Mrs. R. E. Jones has just received, and is now opening up at her millinery store, in this place, a large and nicely selected stock of millinery goods, all of the latest styles, and see them.

—Mr. Owen Jones, residing about four miles South of this place, in Summerhill township, had fourteen sheep killed and four others badly injured by dogs, on Thursday night of last week.

—New stock of straw hats just received at the Golden Eagle, 1301 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, where they will be sold very low.
H. MARCH.

—C. F. Hager, Surgeon Dentist, of Johnstown, will be at the Mountain House on the second Friday and Saturday of each month, where he will be prepared to do all work pertaining to his profession. [a24-2m.

—The first cremation of the body of an infant in the United States took place at the Lancaster crematorium on Tuesday last. The dead child was brought from New York, and was aged two years and nine months.

—Boralumine a superior wall finish. Better than all kalsomines or whitewash, is cheap and durable, will not crumble or peel off, and is good for inside or outside work. All shades at Dr. Zimmerman's drug store.

—The Altoona *Times* will remove to their new building across the street from their present location on Friday, and in consequence of the amount of work required in fixing up their new office and getting things in shape will be compelled to drop Saturday's issue.

—We have two new organs on hand that we will sell cheap for cash, trade for a farm, for a house and lot, for shorse, cattle, sheep, grain or lumber, in fact anything that we can make a turn round in. Parties wishing to purchase a first class organ, will not find a better chance than the doctors are unable to cure. If they wait until the 4th it will probably come up itself; if swallowed it in the month of February there would have been no trouble getting it out the other direction.

—Farmers are all busy now sowing their oats, and after that comes something else. This is the busy season and it behooves them to save all the time they can. To save money they should buy their dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and all kinds of canned goods, at John Gwens store, High street.

—On Tuesday afternoon, the House at Harrisburg, passed finally a bill regulating the marriage of minors. It prescribes a penalty of $200 on any Minister or Justice of the Peace who shall unite in marriage any minor who shall induce any person to perform a marriage ceremony under false representations.

—The attitude of Catholicism toward our public schools—a problem of grave concern at the present time—is to be discussed from opposite premises in the June number of the *North American Review*, by M. C. O'Byrne, of North Carolina, against the Roman Catholic Church, and Bishop Keane, of Virginia, in defense of its policy.

—The Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company met on Friday last and passed a resolution declaring a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. cash upon the capital stock of the company, payable on and after May 29th, to shareholders as they stood entered on the books of the company at 3 o'clock, p. m., on Thursday, April 30th, ult.

—On Thursday of last week, Mr. Peter Heifrich, of Elder township, had gathered together a number of his neighbors to assist him in raising a new barn. In attempting to raise one of the heavy plates to its position on the wall, it slipped and fell, catching Mr. John Endler and breaking his left leg in three places. Dr. M. J. Buck, of Altoona, happened to be in the neighborhood and set the injured leg, but is of the opinion that amputation will have to be resorted to before he can recover.

—A party of Eastern capitalists, interested in Clearfield county coal lands, are arranging for the formation of a syndicate with a view of building a new railroad from the main line at Tyrone to the head of Moshannon creek, in Clearfield county, by way of Tipton Gap. The amount of coal on the head of Moshannon creek will justify the expense of this new road from that section to Tyrone. The immediate field that will be developed by this new road consists of 10,000 acres, which would expand to 40,000 or 50,000 acres by extending short branches. The several owners of this vast body of locked up coal are anxious to contribute toward the grading of the road up Tipton Run, the most advantageous route that can be selected.

—Samuel McClary, of Washington township, and who at one time was a resident of this place where he was employed as a hostler at the Mountain House, was found dead in his bed at the hotel of Michael Donahoe at Lilly's, on Saturday morning. An inquest was held by F. M. George, Esq., and a verdict of death from natural causes was rendered. The deceased had been a soldier in the British army and was also a veteran of the Mexican war and of the late rebellion.—His age was about 65 years.

—In this issue of our paper we publish the announcement of Mr. Joseph A. Gray, of Carrolltown, as a candidate for Sheriff. Mr. Gray is a well-known citizen of the county, having been born in Susquehanna township, and has resided in that neighborhood ever since, until within the last few years, when he removed to Carrolltown. He has always been an active and consistent Democrat, is an energetic and good business man, and if nominated, we have no doubt of his election. That he would make a careful and efficient sheriff, is a fact that could not be doubted by any one who knows him.

—Over in Somerset county, the farmers having sugar camps make a business of sugar making while the season lasts, and find them to be a source of profit. The Myersdale *Commercial* says: L. A. Peck, of Addison, in one run of three days, made 2 500 pounds and nearly 5,000 in the season, which is about an average crop. Daniel Johnson set but 200 keelers, and had only maple trees but made in one run 632 pounds. This shows the richness of the sap. Elijah Livingood, of Elk Lick, set 2,200 keelers and made 29 barrels of crumb and 350 pounds of brick sugar, and 200 gallons of syrup—in all about 9,000 pounds.

—At a meeting held one day last week by a number of the surviving members of the Seventy-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, commanded by Col. Wm. Sirwell, of Kittanning, during the late war, and of which Father R. C. Christy, then of Butler county, was chaplain, it was decided in the name of the regiment to decorate his grave in the Catholic cemetery in this place on Decoration Day, the 30th instant. A committee of five, consisting of C. B. Gillespie, Freeport; H. A. Ayres, Allegheny county; Samuel Lee, Kittanning; John Hoerr and H. A. Bengough, of Pittsburgh, was appointed to carry out the purpose of the meeting, and was instructed to proceed to Ebensburg on May 29th and decorate the grave with appropriate ceremonies.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

Miss Grace Lewis Hurled into Eternity at Johnstown.

From Tuesday's Johnstown *Tribune*: The eastern express is due at this station at 9.40 p. m. It does not stop here, but whirls past at the rate of thirty miles an hour. It is the fastest train on the road, making the distance from Pittsburgh to this city in two hours and ten minutes. The train was on time last evening. Just as the engine approached the curve at the Pennsylvania railroad station, the engineer saw a woman throw herself prostrate on the track. Before the had time even to apply the reverse lever, his engine had caught up the unfortunate woman who sought death under its wheels and tossed her yards away from the track. The engine was stopped, and the company's station employes were notified of what had happened.

Ex-Policeman Reese, of Millville; Officer Reese, of the Pennsylvania Railroad service, and others repaired to the scene. The woman was not dead, but she was unconscious and speechless. She was placed on a stretcher and taken to the baggage-room. Being still alive, Dr. John Lowman was summoned but before his arrival the poor creature had breathed her last, not having uttered a word. It was found that the right side of her head and face was crushed in and that her right thigh and leg were broken. The body remained in the baggage room until 7 o'clock this morning, when it was removed to the undertaking establishment, where it was neatly coffined and prepared for burial. The remains of the deceased were afterward identified as those of Grace Lewis, aged 19 or 20 years. She had been leading an abandoned life lately, and her suicide was no doubt caused by the upbraiding of her conscience. No inquest was held. It is said she has relatives living in Huntingdon.

Grace Lewis was a resident of this place for several months last fall and winter, having lived as a domestic with John A. Kennedy, Esq., and afterwards with Deputy Sheriff Blair, leaving the latter place sometime about the 1st of January, when she went to Johnstown. Nothing is known here of her previous history, and a predisposition to kleptomania was the cause of her leaving here.

Notes from the Normal School.

The present term will be the largest ever held in the county. Ninety five teachers are now attending.

The Normal Literary Society will [illegible] is not large enough to seat the members of the Society.

The students have again taken up their line of march for exercise during recess, in charge of the teachers. Systematic exercise gives physical development, as important as mental training.

Students are attending from Indiana, Centre, Blair and Westmoreland counties.

The Professional class was organized this week; several teachers will join the class on Monday next.

The regular sessions of the school are from 7:30 a. m., to 12; and from 1:30 p. m., to 4.

Classes have been organized in book-keeping, physiology, rhetoric and mental science in addition to the common branches.

The musical convention conducted by Prof. Brown will commence next week.

A meeting to organize the class will be held in Armory Hall on Friday evening of this week. The Hall has been engaged for the convention, and the people of Ebensburg will have an opportunity to receive instruction from a competent instructor. It is expected that there will be a full attendance at the meeting on Friday evening, to make complete arrangements for the convention.

Fifth District Sunday School Convention.

The first convention of this district, comprising the counties of Huntingdon, Blair, Cambria, Somerset, Bedford and Fulton will be held at Altoona, Thursday and Friday, May 14 and 15, 1885. It will be under the auspices of the Pennsylvania State Sunday School Association, comprising all evangelical denominations, and all such, as well as union Sunday schools, are invited to take part, each school being entitled to two delegates.

The programme will consist largely of addresses on the practical side of Sunday school work, and it is believed will be very helpful to the workers.

Delegates will be entertained if notice of their coming be sent to the chairman on or before May 10, 1885. This is espacially important.

Delegates will please bring Bibles and note books.

WM. S. ROSS, M. D.,
Chairman.

—H. March offers the

Best quality G. A. R. suits and caps for $10
Second " " " " $ 9
Third " " " " $ 8

Call at the Golden Eagle Clothing House, 1801 Eleventh avenue, Altoona for G. A. R. suits.

HYMENEAL.

KEARNS—McMAHAN.—Married, at St. Rose's Catholic church, at Lilly's, on Tuesday, April 21st 1885, by the Rev. Father Brown, Mr. Thomas Kearns to Mrs. Mary A. McMahan, both of Washington township.

FARREN—BECK—Married, at St. Rose's Catholic church, at Lilly's, on Saturday, April 25th 1885 by Rev. Father Brown, Mr. Frank Farren to Miss Amanda Beck, both of Lilly's.

PROF. CHARLES A. RIDDLE'S

Views of Mrs. Stone's Law as Told to a Pittsburg Reporter.

Professor Charles A. Riddle, who a few years ago was Principal of the common schools of this place, and is now Principal of the schools at Minersville, in the vicinity of Pittsburg, expressed the following views the other day to a reporter of the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, in regard to Mrs. Stone's law requiring the effect of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics on the human system to be taught in the common schools. We quote from last Sunday's *Dispatch*:

"Not until the State Superintendent and the courts construe the temperance hygiene law will we know what it embraces and what it does not include in its provisions," remarked Principal C. A. Riddle, of the Minersville schools, yesterday, as a book agent was urging the adoption of a text book which covers all the law intends, in the opinion of said agent. When Mr. Riddle was asked to explain he continued:

"Well, in the first place, there is a conflict of opinion touching the meaning of sections three and four, which provide that 'no certificate shall be granted any person to teach in the public schools of the Commonwealth or in any educational institutions receiving money from the Commonwealth after the first Monday of June, 1886, who does not pass a satisfactory examination in physiology and hygiene, with special reference to the effect of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics on the human system,' and 'that all laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.' It is held that, under the provisions of these sections, every teacher in the State, no matter whether he holds a professional or permanent certificate, State or Normal school diploma, will be compelled to pass a special examination in order to meet its requirements. This will be the first point the school department will be asked to settle.

"Then comes the question, what is meant by 'stimulants?' It cannot mean alcoholic drinks, for those are previously mentioned. Does it mean coffee, tea, chocolate, spices, &c., for all of these and many other things come under the definition. It even includes the ruler and the rattan, for they are stimulants. Following 'stimulants' the law takes up 'narcotics.' Now, our medical authorities state that a narcotic is that which, in medical doses, allays morbid susceptibilities, relieves pain and produces sleep, &c., and includes opium, belladonna, &c. Does the law mean that the effects of these shall be taught to each child in each grade of our public schools? The law says so, or else it is meaningless. What teacher knows the effect of the different narcotics in different quantities on persons differing in age, temperament and physical condition? Then, too, the law is so loose in language that a teacher so minded can play 'loose or fast' to suit the sentiments of the community in which he is teaching. It says not a word about the evil effects, but simply the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics on the human system.

"If the teacher believes that stimulants are not hurtful in the main, he can so teach and evade the intent of law. If he has convictions on the subject of narcotics, he can so teach and say nothing about smoking and chewing, which many people believe are not injurious. So, you see, what a pretty mess our lawmakers have given us. I have not discussed the motives of the law. The intention of Mrs Hunt and her friends in securing its passage was doubtless good, but looked at as a law supposed to come from the hands of mature people, it would be difficult to conceive of anything that seems to embrace so much and yet means so little."

Cresson and Coalport Railroad.

Work on the Cresson and Coalport Railroad was began last week, and at present there are about two hundred and fifty men at work, mostly in the neighborhood of Ashland. The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* of Saturday last, says:

Thaddeus Freeland, of Bellevue, has the contract for the entire work, including grading, filling, excavating, bridge building, and track construction. He is now on the ground. The new railroad will be thirty-seven miles in length. It is to be completed by November 1, 1885. The cost of construction will approximate $1,000,000, and the average cost per mile will be about $25,000.

The object of building this road is to open up some rich coal and lumber tracts. Along its located line there are thirty-eight coal mines and fifteen saw mills, all of which are compelled now to go to great expense to transport their products to the Pennsylvania Railroad over individual roads. The present scheme is backed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the stockholders are wealthy Eastern gentlemen who hold the lands through which the line is to pass. The line will run through Coalport and other prosperous mining towns. Several carloads of tools, scoops, carts, and other appliances were shipped to the new works from Pittsburg and Harrisburg on last Tuesday. Over one thousand laborers, to be employed on the fills, excavations, and gradings, are said to be already there.

Argument Court.

On Wednesday Court met, with Hon. R. L. Johnston, President Judge, and Associate Judges, Hon. John Flanagan and Hon. Jos. Masters on the bench.

The following cases were all that were disposed of up to the time of our going to press.

John P. O'Neill vs. Kittanning Insurance Company. Motion for new trial. Motion overruled.

Samuel Reese vs. J. C. Boie & Silas Goughnour. Rule to show cause. Continued.

J. L. Smith vs. Conrad Keim. Report of Commissioner. Argued and held for advisement.

J. Swank & Co. vs. John Hutzern, et al. Rule to show cause. Judgment opened and defendant let into a defence.

OBITUARY.

CARLE.—Died, at the residence of her son, Mr. Andrew Carle, in Clearfield township, on Friday, May 1st, 1885, Mrs. Emma Carle, aged about 70 years. The deceased, who was the widow of Mr. John Carle, deceased, had been a resident of Clearfield township for about fifty years, her husband having been one of the pioneer settlers of the township. She was a sister of Mrs. Andrew Lewis formerly of Ebensburg, but now residing in Lebanon, Pa., and the mother of Mr. Andrew Carle, of Clearfield township, Mr. Thomas Carle and Mrs. Frank Durbin, of the Summit, Mrs. Wm. Urban, of Altoona, and several other children whom we do not know. She was a kind mother and a good neighbor, and was respected and esteemed by all who knew her.

PUGH.—Died, at the residence of her father, Mr. Lewis Rodgers, in Ebensburg, on Saturday, May 2nd, 1885, Mrs. Lucretia Pugh, wife of Daniel Pugh, aged 28 years. Interment at Lloyd's cemetery, on Monday last.

McCLARREN.—Died, at the hotel of Michael Donahoe, in Washington township, on Friday, May 1st, 1885, Mr. Samuel McClarren, aged about 60 years.

VICKROY.—Died, at his residence, in Johnstown, on Friday, May 1, 1885, Mr. Edwin A. Vickroy, aged about 35 years.

RUTCH.—Died, at the residence of Melchior Boslet, in Carrolltown borough, on Friday, May 1st, 1885, Mr. Daniel Rutch, aged about 80 years.

MALOY.—Died, at her residence in Allegheny township, on Thursday, April 30, '85, Mrs. Sarah Maloy, widow of Patrick Maloy, deceased, aged about 70 years.

BILLER.—Died, at the residence of her husband, Mr. Aloysius Biller, in Allegheny township, on Thursday, April 30, 1885, Mrs. —— Biller, aged about 70 years.

THE MARKETS.

EBENSBURG, May 7, 1885.

Flour, choice family	$5 00 to 6 00
Wheat, white	1 10
Rye	75
Corn	60
Oats	50
Clover seed	7 00
Timothy seed	2 50
Flax seed	1 50
Beans	2 10
Potatoes	40
Butter, lb	15
Lard, lb	12
Eggs, per doz	10
Onions, per bu	50
Hay, per ton	12 00

PITTSBURG MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, May 6, 1885.

POTATOES—Irish, 85@75c per bushel; on track 85@90c. Jersey Sweets, $2 00 per bbl.

POULTRY—Live chickens, 75@80c per pair; live turkeys, 11@12c per pound; live geese, 75@$1 00 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 16@17c per pound; turkeys, 17@19c; geese, 10@12.

RAGS—1¼@2c for country mixed cotton; ¾@¾c for all wool.

SEEDS—Small clover seed, $5 75@5 95; large, 6 00@5 75; timothy seed, 1 50@1 70; orchard grass, 1 60; blue grass, 1 00@1 50.

EGGS—Fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio eggs, 13@14c per dozen.

APPLES—2 00@1 75 per bbl for common to fair and 2 25@2 50 for prime to choice.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery, 28@29c; do. other brands, 25@27c; choice creamery, 23@23c; choice dairy, 22@23c; choice country, 20@22c; common grades, 10@12c; low grades, 5@9c.

MILL FEED—Bran, 17 50@18 00; middlings, $17 @18 00 for brown and 20 00@19 00 for white; chopped feed, 18 00@20 00; chopped corn, 18 00@19 00.

HAY—No 1 timothy baled, $18@18 50; No 2 light, 17 50@18 00 for loose pressed; from country wagons, 17 00@20 00; No. 1 prairie hay, 8 50@9 50; upland, 12 50@13 00.

GRAIN—Wheat, 90@95c per bushel; corn, 47@ 52; oats, 37@37c; rye, 75@73.

FLOUR—$5 25@6 00 per bbl, according to quality.

ONIONS—$4 00@4 50 per barrel.

PROVISIONS—Hams, 10@10½c; bacon, 9c; shoulders, 6¾c.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination of Sheriff subject to the decision of the Democratic primary elections.

JOSEPH A. GRAY.

Carrolltown, May 8, 1885

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of Sundry writs of Fieri Facas, alias Fieri Facias and Vend Expon, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be expesed to public sale, at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1885,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate to wit:

All the right, title and interest of F. A. Shoemaker, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the borough of Ebensburg, county of Cambria, Pa., fronting on Center street and extending back to lot of John E. Scanlan, and adjoining lot of John E. Scanlan on the north, and Triumph street on the south, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and frame stable; now in the occupancy of F. A. Shoemaker.

Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. W. Rich, Cashier.

Also: All the right, title and interest of M. J. Cooper and Henry Mellon, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Anthony Myers, D. R. Moore, — Amesberg, heirs Augustine Christy, deceased, William Douglass and others, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, all which erected; said [illegible] now in the occupancy of Celestine Platt and Frederick Johnson.

Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit o J. J. Gillespie.

Also: All the right, title and interest of George R. Byrne, of, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in the township of Allegheny, county of Cambria, Pa., adjoining lands of Anthony Wills on the east, Joseph Walters on the south, Michael Waltz on the west, and on the north by J. Perry, containing sixty-five acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and log barn and other outbuildings; not now occupied.

Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Hogue. Administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo*, of John Bradley, deceased.

Also: All the right, title and interest of William Conway, of, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in the township of Dean, county of Cambria, Pa., adjoining land of W. G. Krise on the west, Thomas Dougherty on the south and on the east by Luke McGuire and others, containing 80 acres, more or less—about 20 acres cleared—having thereon erected a two-story plank house and log stable; now in the occupany of William Conway.

Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James McNeils.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the deed.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, May 4, 1885.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, in said county, on

FRIDAY, MAY 22nd, 1885,

At 12 o'clock, m., the following described real estate, late of L. W. Weld, deceased, to wit: Two certain tracts of lands, situate and being in Cambria county, Pa.

No. 1. Being a certain Tract of Land in Dean township, containing about five acres with the improvements.

No. 2. Being the equitable interest in the undivided one-fourth of a certain Tract of Land on the headwaters of Clearfield creek, in Dean and Clearfield townships, Cambria county, containing 2500 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Cambria Iron Co., James Conway, Summit Coal Co., James Harris, Luke McGuire and others, and underlaid with valuable deposits of bituminous coal.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of purchase money on confirmation of sale; balance in two equal payments at one and two years with interest from date of confirmation; deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Persons desiring to view the premises will please call on WILLIAM WELD,
Or his Attorneys, Administrator,
STEVENS & OWENS.
Tyrone, Pa.

TRIAL LIST.—Cases set down for trial at June Term of Court, commencing on Monday, June 8, 1885:

Kutruff vs. Gates.
Murray vs. Van Alken et al.
Smay vs. Martin.
Myers vs. Wilkinson.
Will vs. Roseline.
Harris & McKee vs. Nagle et al.
Same vs. Same.
Baum vs. Tonkin.
Lytle vs. McGlade.
Borough of Coopersdale vs. Lower Yoder tp.
Frantz vs. Yockenrod.
Myers Ex'rs use vs. Martin.
Murphy vs. Fye et al.
Fiske & Co. vs. Powell.
Cunningham et al vs. Weakland et al.
Milligan vs. Fisher et al.
Farstaugh vs. Hines.

Prothonotary's Office, } H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Eb'g May 4, 1885. } Prothonotary.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned has for sale one full blood short-horned Durham calf, four months old, and one full blood short-horned Durham calf, ten months old. Will be sold cheap. Call on or address

REUBEN FOX,
Sinking Valley, Blair Co., Pa.

May 8, 1885.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT
—OF—
CAMBRIA COUNTY,

For the year 1885.

VENDERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Distillers and Brewers, Brokers, etc., in Cambria county, will take notice that they have been appraised and classed by the undersigned Appraiser of Mercantile and other License tax, for the year 1885, as follows, to wit:

ADAMS TOWNSHIP.

Class.	Tax
14 G W Orris	$7 00
14 Daniel Gohn	7 00
14 J P Gohn	7 50
14 L Ross	7 50
14 J R Stull	7 50
14 E S Grumbling	7 00

ALLEGHENY TWP.

14 C R & H Himmelwright	7 00
14 W J Buck	7 00

BARR TWP.

14 Robert Glenn	7 00
14 Maloy & Lieb	7 00

BLACKLICK TWP.

14 Isaac Michaels	7 50

CAMBRIA BOROUGH.

14 Patrick Boyle	7 00
14 Thomas E Howe	7 00
14 P Green	7 00
14 William Gallney	7 00
14 L A Sible	7 00
14 John Dowling	7 00
14 Jos Stibich	7 00
14 John Kintz & Son	7 00
14 Peter Sully	7 00
14 Martin Fleh	7 00
14 Bernard Garvey	7 00
14 Thomas Halloran	7 00
14 Singer M'f'g Co	7 00

CARROLLTOWN BOR.

13 P L Eck	10 00
14 J Hinder	7 50
14 R F Maucher	7 00
14 J W Sharbaugh	7 00
14 V S Barker & Bro	7 50
14 A H Haug	7 00
14 Andrew Eckenrode	7 00
14 H O Stolz	7 00
14 P J Dietrich	7 00
14 D A Luther	7 00
14 J J Hank & Bro	7 00
14 H B Potthorf	7 00
14 C A & S H Buck	7 00

CHEST TP.

14 Samuel Gill	7 00

CROYLE TP.

14 J D Plummer	7 00
14 D K Barnett	7 00
14 C A Dimond	7 00
14 John Brown	7 00
10 Geo B Stineman	20 00
14 W Davis	7 00
14 N S George	7 00
14 W R Moore	7 00

CHEST SPRINGS BOR.

14 J Perry & Son	7 00
14 C D Wharton	7 00
14 Thomas H Bell	7 00
14 J B Wilber	7 00

CLEARFIELD TP.

14 Thomas Dumphy	7 00
14 M A Dunneran	7 00
14 F R Shoff	7 00

CONEMAUGH BOR.

14 Conrad Gerhardt	7 00
14 Joseph M Young	7 00
14 J B Clark	7 00
14 A Lemmyer	7 00
14 Wm Steigerwald	7 00
14 John Stormer	7 00
14 John Widman	7 00
14 John G Vorhauer	7 50
8 G F & E C Swift	20 00
14 Jos Freidhoff	7 00
14 J J Strayer	7 00

COOPERSDALE BOR.

14 A E Somerville	7 00
14 Kunkle & Sheridan	7 00

EAST CONEMAUGH.

14 Samuel Tibbott	7 00
14 J J Shaffer	7 00
14 J J Craig	7 00
14 P F Shaffer	7 00
14 Charles Pringle	7 00
14 A B Pringle	7 00
14 E G Harvey	7 00
14 J B Kauffman	7 00

ELDER TP.

14 Thomas Ott & Co	7 00

EBENSBURG BOR.

14 M L Oatman	7 00
14 Geo Gurley	7 00
14 C T Roberts	7 00
14 T Lantzinger	7 00
14 V S Barker & Bro	7 00
14 Jacob Thomas	7 50
14 E James	7 00
14 John Owens	7 00
14 Lloyd & Sons	7 00
14 G A Zimmerman	7 00
13 Geo Huntley	10 50
14 Edward Griffith	7 00
14 D Evans	7 00
14 Carl Kittnius	7 00
14 E G Parrish	7 00
14 P C Wagner	7 00
14 J M Thompson	7 00
14 Thomas Griffith	7 00
14 A Strittmatter	7 00
14 Davis Bros	7 00

FRANKLIN BOR.

11 Adams & Davis	15 00
14 G S Paul	7 00
14 Martin Custer	7 00
14 E Wissinger & Co	7 00
14 D W Comfort	7 00
14 Peter Rubritz	7 00

GALLITZIN BOR.

14 J Yeckley	7 00
14 William Yeckley	7 00
14 Taylor & McCoy	7 00
14 Thomas Bradley	7 00
14 Peter Kaylor	7 00
14 Michael Bracken	7 00
14 S B Corn	7 00
14 P J Christy	7 00
14 A C Buck & Co	7 00
14 John Ferguson	7 00
12 Monroe & Co	12 50

GRUBBTOWN BOR.

14 J L Ream	7 50

JACKSON TP.

14 David Simmons	7 00

JOHNSTOWN BOR.

14 William Strauss, Jr	7 00
14 John Ryan	7 00
14 David Creed	7 00
14 Miller & Lorentz	7 50
14 Davis Bros	7 50
14 George Heiser	7 00
14 John Fenn	7 00
14 C Monteverde	7 50
14 L F Leitenberger	7 00
13 F W Ray	10 00
14 Alexander Recke	7 00
14 J H Shumaker	7 00
14 Louis Wehn	7 00
14 C Keinpel	7 00
14 C Krieger	7 00
14 John Frix	7 00
14 A Roland	7 00
14 M S Maloy	7 00
14 P S Maloy	7 00
14 William Updegrave	7 00
14 Geis & Schry	7 00
14 Davis Bros	7 00
11 Bentley & Fronheiser	15 00
9 Geis, Foster & Quinn	25 00
14 N & C A Horne	7 00
14 James J Murphy	10 00
14 C O Luther	7 00
14 H T De France	7 00
12 V Luther	12 50
14 A Cohen	7 00
13 F W Kress	10 00
14 George Unverzagt	7 00
14 Lewis Lockhardt	7 00
14 George Kelper & Co	7 00
14 J & R Gallagher	7 00
14 S Reineman	7 00
14 Phillips Bros	7 00
14 C Cohen	7 00
14 John Stenger	7 00
14 A Nathan	7 00
14 Standard Store	7 00
14 Scott Dibert	7 00
14 Lewis Cohen	7 00
14 New York Clothing Hall	7 00
14 Eldridge & Young	7 00
14 C T Frazier	7 00
14 Job Morgan	7 00
14 Henry Pritchard	7 00
14 George T Bell	7 00
14 J B Dunlap	7 00
14 D R Jones	7 00
14 E S Wilt	7 00
14 William Owens	7 00
14 D R Baird	7 00
14 W K Hunter	7 00
14 Charles Brown	7 00
14 Lewis Reese	7 00
14 Davis & Bro	7 00
14 G Stewart & Co	60 00
14 L Baumer	7 00
14 McMillen & Waters	7 00
14 J J A Benshoff	7 00
14 A P Kinney	7 00
12 L Stargardter	12 50
14 Kramer & Bro	7 00
13 John Dibert	10 00
14 Charles Griffith	7 00
14 E Goldenberg	7 00
14 L M Woolf	20 00
14 E Zahn	7 00
14 C G Campbell	7 50
14 M Bohm	10 00
12 Harzell & Donnelly	12 50
14 G M Harshberger	7 00
14 J W Stephens	7 00
14 W S Weaver	7 00
14 W H Levergood	7 00
14 A Metz	7 00
14 D Myers & Co	10 00
14 W A Cramer	7 00
14 J Swank & Son	10 00
14 Jacob Wilt	7 00
14 A Fildebrandt	7 00
14 William Caldwell	7 00
14 Charles S Ruth	7 00
14 Singer M'f'g Co	7 00
14 Plack Bros	7 00
14 E J Scholz	7 00
14 G Bostert	7 00
14 Henry Viering	7 00
14 George Meyer	7 00
14 Singer Bros	7 00
14 Littler & Chilcoat	7 00
13 Henderson & Alexander	10 00
14 C Eleasaser	7 00
14 G Hoffman	7 00
14 John Brady	7 00
14 H W Given	7 00
14 W W Pike	7 00
14 F A Heist	7 00
14 J S Ashbridge	7 00
14 L Fockler	7 00
14 L Baumer	7 00
13 G W Moses	10 00
14 F W Kerlin	7 50
14 J D Edwards	7 00
14 Jolly Bros	10 00
14 D R Edwards	7 50
13 Osborne & Confer	10 00
14 Brinker Bros	7 00
14 M R Clark	7 00
13 Schrader & Greer	10 00
14 Charles Ludwig	7 00
14 John A McKinney	7 00
14 D L Keyser	7 00
14 Matthew Mooney	7 00
14 J M Morrow	7 50
14 Emil Young	7 50
14 G W Wagoner	7 00
12 P A Colbaugh & Co	12 50
14 Pickler & Lavergood	7 00
14 A W Blanch	7 00
14 Charles Hochstein	7 50
14 William Strauss, Sr	7 00
14 McCarty & Son	7 00
14 Thomas F Davis	7 00
14 Wilson Cramer	7 00
13 Brinker Bros	10 00
14 George Hoover	7 50
14 L F Wyatt	7 50
13 Thomas & Walters	10 00
14 Marshall & Weakland	7 00
14 George K Shryock	7 00
14 J H Benning	7 00
A Wood Morrell & Co., Limited	350 00

FARM NOTES.

MANAGEMENT OF HEAVY CLAYS.

The A... rough vegetable matter is highly view, in a... Duties o... portant for heavy clays, it does not tion," ... that green manuring is always ... ful to immediate fertility. We have known large growths of fodder corn and Hungarian grass plowed under late in the season, when the wheat crop following it was rather injured than benefitted. In some cases it makes the soil too ... porous, thus causing it to absorb and retain a large amount of water, which alternately contracts and expands by freezing and thawing. In other instances the green manure plowed under late in the fall turns sour, forming the green scum on the surface that is the common indication that acid is being formed to poison all vegetable life. When green manure is plowed under early in the season, however, it never fails to produce good results. Its fermentation not only increases heat, in which heavy soils are deficient, but it disintegrates the particles of soil and thus make available much plant food that would otherwise be locked up the clods. While it is true these green manures give back to the soil no mineral elements not first taken from it, yet the fact is undoubted that all soils abounding in clay will endure this exhausting process longer than any others. That which heavy soils most suffer from is a system of cultivation and cropping which exhausts their due proportion of vegetable matter. When this is gone the labor of tilling is as greatly increased as the crop is lessened.

HORSE STABLING.

Stable accommodation is very imperfect on many farms. The only rule by which the length of a stable can be regulated is the number of stalls required, and these should never be less than 5 ft. six inches to 6 feet wide. It is desirable the width of a stable for farm horses be at least 18 feet, in order that ample space may be available behind them. It has for some time been and still ought to be, a desideratum in the construction of a stable to have the walls built high—it may be higher than any other portion of the farm-steading—and the apex of the roof "open". When the roof is high and "open", horses thrive much better than when the stable is small and close. Small stables are very objectionable, being generally badly ventilated and injurious to the equine constitution. The temerature in the stable should be about 53 degrees in winter, and from 55 to 60 degrees in summer. Purity of atmosphere is essential to the strong, healthy and muscular developement of all animals and especially horses. The partitions between the horses should never be shorter than nine feet, two of which are required for the manger.

PEAS.

This is another vegetable that can be safely sown as soon as the soil can be got into tilth in the spring. Indeed, the heaviest crops are usually obtained by the earliest sowing, and as the very hot and dry summer weathers is not favorable to the growth of the pea, although for private use a succession of sowings is made, of about the quantity required for the family, every week or two, from the first opening in spring until June, after which time not much dependence is to be placed on the crop. Sometimes, however, a nice crop may be had in the cool autumn months by sowing in August. For general market purposes only the first two spring sowings are made, beginning in the Gulf States the latter part of the year, and ending in the far North in May. All cities and towns of any importance have their markets plentifully supplied from April to July, when the green corn becomes cheap and plenty, and peas take a back seat. For market growth it is more a farm crop really than a market garden, although the market man will get his two crops from the same land. A first crop of peas is often followed by the autumn crops of cabbage or celery. It will not pay to raise them for market unless pickers can be readily hired at the proper season.

OATS.

Oats grown for green fodder should be sown thicker than if sown for grain; as fine oats straw cures quicker and is betliked by stock. They should be sown as thickly as they will grow without lodging, which will be at the rate of from three to six bushels per acre, according to the variety and the nature of the soil. Oats follow clover as a soiling crop; then comes corn as the main-stay during the season of hot sun and short pastures.

'Rough on Rats' clears out Rats, Mice, 15c.
'Rough on Corns,' for Corns Bunions. 15c.
Thin people. 'Wells' Health Renewer, restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.
'Rough on Toothache,' instant relief. 15c.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try 'Wells Health Renewer.'
'Buchu-paiba,' great kidney and urinary cure.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by 'Rough on Rats.' 15.
'Rough on Coughs,' troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.
For Children slow in development, puny and delicate, use 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
'Rough on Dentist' Tooth Powder. Try it 15c.
Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer.' $1.
Mother Swar.'s Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms constipation; tasteless. 25c.
Stinging irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by 'Buchu-paiba.' $1.
Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use 'Wells' Health Renewer.' $1.
Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; 'Buchu-paiba' is a quick, complete cure. $1.

Cultivation and Refinement.

Hon. B. S. Hewit, ex Speaker House Representatives, writes: "J. A. McDonald:
Dear Sir: I have been buying my flavoring extracts for years from a Pittsburg manufacturer. Recently we tried a bottle of yours and found it very good indeed. Enclosed find five dollars. Send me its value in your Vanilla Extract.
Moral—always ask for McDonald's Flavoring Extracts.

A POSITIVE GUARANTEE is given that every article sold at the Golden Eagle Clothing House, Altoona, Pa., is lower in price than the same quality and make can be bought elsewhere. And remember, right here, that it makes no difference how low a price other clothiers may ask for their goods, or what inducements they may offer for your patronage the prices will always be lower at the GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HOUSE, 1301 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, Pa.

HUNDREDS WRITE they owe their life and present good health to Acker's English Remedy for consumption, coughs, colds, &c. Sold by F. James.

$500,000 A YEAR.

Statement of the American, National and United States and Canada Express Companies, Troy, N. Y.

The strength of Rome lay not in her multitude, nor in her grain-laden fleets. These were elements of strength, but her never-failing resource lay in the self-control and discipline of Roman soldiers. Discipline—it is the very soul to all the wonderful meaning possessed by the word "veteran."—Mr. Benedict, of Troy, is a veteran in the express business. "Thirty-three years," he said to your reporter, "I've stood at this desk." It is the discipline of years of experience which gives him the position he holds in the trust and esteem of these three great corporations. "We have a business of $500,000 a year, and I've been absent from this office hardly a month in all that time, altho' I must confess that many times I've worked here when suffering great pain, for I have been troubled all my life with biliousness and dyspepsia.—My system had become so reduced and weak that I had no appetite, and my digestion wholly disordered. I've tried various remedies, but almost 2 years ago I happened to hit upon Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. After using only one bottle or so I began to feel stronger in every way. The great difficulty has been with my digestion, but this seems to regulate it perfectly. I have, sir, great faith in Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. I have bought and given a great deal of it to the poor around here; those, you know, who have no money to buy medicine at any kind, for there are a great many troubled with bilious diseases and suffer on without aid. I always keep FAVORITE REMEDY in the house. I consider it the best medicine for the blood in the market. Well, I must attend to your paper for the west. ern part of the city. Say, you tell the Doctor I am coming down to Rondout to see him in August. I want to hug him." I left the veteran, still at his post, rejoicing in health and grateful to Dr. Kennedy.

The NEW YORK Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not Controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to Collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most Interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

Rates, by Mail, Postpaid:

DAILY, per Year	$6 00
DAILY, per Month	50
SUNDAY, per Year	1 00
DAILY and SUNDAY per Year	7 00
WEEKLY, per Year	1 00

Address, THE SUN, New York City.

Health is Wealth!

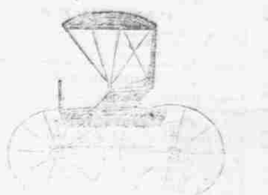
DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
302 W. MADISON ST., CHICAGO, ILLS.,
Sole Prop's West's Liver Pills.

CARRIAGES, WAGONS & SLEIGHS!



Carriage Making in all its Branches.

Painting, Trimming

and REPAIRING of all Kinds — on the SHORTEST NOTICE, and the LOWEST PRICES. Also, Planing, Sawing and Wood Turning with improved machinery. Also, all kinds of heavy work done. Carriage smith shop connected.

All parties trusting me with work will be honorably dealt with. All work warranted.

D. M. CHUTE.

Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

PATENTS

MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, and other foreign countries. Hand-book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 261 Broadway, New York.

Special notice in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patent, and sales or introduction often effected. Any person who has made a new discovery or invention can ascertain, free of charge, whether a patent can probably be obtained, by writing to the undersigned. We also send our Hand-book about the Patent Laws, with full directions how to obtain patents, caveats, trade marks, their costs, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on inventions. Address, for the Paper or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO., 261 Broadway, New York.

Branch Office, F St., Washington, D. C.

NOW IN USE—36,989.

All persons using this Machine are delighted with it. Agents Wanted. Send for Circulars. Address Seed and Fertilizing Drill and Cultivator Co., Manufacturers, Newark, Ohio. Branch Warehouses, Kansas City, Mo., and Omaha, Neb. Factory Rates.

Consult Dr. La Butts, Graduate of Medicine, Licentiate of Surgery, Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England, and Member of the American Medical Association, Specialist in Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Nerves, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections, Syphilitic Eruptions, Sores and Ulcers, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Weaknesses, Irregularities, Displacements, Tumors, Cancers, Etc. Call or write for list of questions for self-examination. Medicine sent to any part of the world by mail or express. Correspondence strictly confidential. Send for circular and testimonials. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays excepted. Dr. La Butts, 1104 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. Established 1866. Chronic and Special Diseases a Specialty. Private Hospital in connection with office. Patients treated at their homes by correspondence. Medicines sent by express everywhere. Consultation free. Charges reasonable. Entrance on Olive street. Central Med. & Surg. Institute, 1104 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo. Established 20 Years.

THE BEST PORTRAIT OF Gen'l U. S. GRANT, IN DEMOREST'S MONTHLY

For MAY. 20 Cents.

W. Jennings Demorest, Publisher, 17 E. 14th St., New York. Sold by all Newsdealers and Postmasters.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY

GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.

Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up clubs for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Toilet Set. Send for price list and terms to agents. Address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

FOR SALE!

Clydesdale Stallions and Galloway Bulls. The best in America. All from registered Sire in Scotland. All registered and pedigrees furnished. Prices Low and Terms Easy.

Address McKAY BROS., Brookside Farm, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease. By its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles free to any sufferer who will give me their Express and Post Office address. Respectfully, DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

BEST and CHEAPEST

Two Weekly Newspapers for the Price of One.

And the Best Daily at Low Rates.

The Harrisburg WEEKLY PATRIOT is a large eight page sheet and contains a greater variety of reading matter than any other paper published. It is newsy, spicy, instructive and entertaining. The subscription price of the WEEKLY PATRIOT is $1.00 per annum cash in advance.

CLUBBING.

The WEEKLY PATRIOT and New York *Weekly Sun* will be sent to any address, post paid, one year for $1.00; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and New York *Weekly World* to any address, post paid, for one year for $1.00; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and the Philadelphia Saturday *Record*, post paid, for one year, $1.00; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and Philadelphia *Weekly Times*, post paid, one year for $1.85.—In all cases the cash must accompany the order.

THE DAILY PATRIOT

Is the only morning paper published at the State capital; the only morning paper outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg that gets the complete Associated Press news, and that has a general system of special telegrams; and the only daily that reaches the interior towns of Pennsylvania before the Philadelphia and New York papers. The DAILY PATRIOT has been greatly improved in all its departments within the last six months and is now equal to all respects and superior in some to the dailies of the larger cities. Price by mail, $6.00 per annum in advance (or $7.00 if not paid in advance); $3.00 for six months, in advance; $1.50 for three months, in advance; 50 cents for one month, in advance; to clubs of five, $5.00 per copy per annum; to clubs of ten, $4.50 per copy per annum, payable in advance. The DAILY PATRIOT and the Philadelphia *Daily Record* (Sunday edition excepted) will be sent one year to any address for $8.00 cash in advance. Send for specimen copies of the DAILY and WEEKLY PATRIOT. In remitting money for subscription send postoffice money order, check or draft.

Address PATRIOT PUBLISHING CO.,
329 MARKET STREET,
Harrisburg, Pa.

1794. 1883.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794

Ebensburg, July 9th, 1882.

B. J. LYNCH,

UNDERTAKER,

And Manufacturer and Dealer in

HOME AND CITY MADE

FURNITURE!

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,

LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,

TABLES, CHAIRS,

Mattresses, &c.,

1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE

Between 16th and 17th Sts.,

ALTOONA, PA.

☞ Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c. at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.

Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

NOT DEAD YET

VALLIE LUTTRINGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE

AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a full stock, and manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest figures.

☞ Office.

Shop on Centre street, one door west of the Catholic church.

All work either made or sold at this establishment is warranted.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.

V. LUTTRINGER.

Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

ANYBODY Can make Photographs by new dry plate process

For 50 cts. we will send post paid Roche's Manual for Amateurs, which gives full instructions for making the pictures.

Outfits we furnish from $10 upwards.

Our "PHOTOGRAPHIC BULLETIN," edited by Prof. CHAS. F. CHANDLER, head of the Chemical Department of the School of Mines, Columbia College, published twice a month for only $2 per annum, keeps Photographers, professional or amateur, fully posted on all improvements, and answers all questions when difficulties arise.

Circulars and price lists free.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufs'rs Photographic Apparatus and Materials,

No. 591 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK CITY.

Forty years established in this line of business.

March 27, 1885 -tf.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. LANDS

In Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.

From Lake Superior to Puget Sound.

At prices ranging chiefly from $2 to $6 per acre, on 5 to 10 years' time. This is the Best Country for securing Good Homes now open for settlement.

FREE 320 acres of Government Land Free under the Homestead and Timber Culture Laws. NOTE—10,818,433 Acres OR MORE THAN HALF of all the Public Lands disposed of in 1882, were in the Northern Pacific country. Books and Maps sent FREE, describing the Northern Pacific Country, the Railroad Lands for sale and the FREE Government Lands. Address, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com'r, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste & Smell. A Quick & Positive Cure.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price, 50 cts. by mail or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

May 1, 1884. 5.

SALESMEN WANTED.

By the Introducers of RANCOCAS RASPBERY.

Only those need apply whose advertise their entire time and attention in the work. The best-selling hardy berry. Our men succeed where others fail.

Growers of a Full Line of Fruits and Ornamentals. Good opening for honest, energetic men. Address R. G. CHASE, & CO., *Philadelphia, Penn'a.*

March 27.-6t.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

GENERAL GRANT.

Is the Old Hero Dying Because of Medical Intolerance.

The *American Homœopathist* has an article on the treatment of General Grant by the Allopaths, in which it says:

"General Washington was murdered by his medical attendants; but at least they were heroically—too heroically endeavoring to extinguish the disease. Their brutality was of the active sort, and in purpose commendable, though disastrous in result. Gen. Garfield was maltreated for months under an error of diagnosis and at last escaped beyond the reach of his eminent torturers. Here, also, there was much medical heroism and activity displayed, albeit misdirected. Other illustrious patients have suffered from eminence in the profession; but General Grant seems reserved as a shining example of cold-blooded expectancy. To him the little group of eminence have nothing to offer but a diagnosis. For him they propose no relief but in the grave. Ignoring the only source of therapeutic salvation, they gather round his bedside to observe his unaided struggle. The fiat has gone forth that nothing can be done; and nothing will be permitted to be done. Those who question such a decision are quacks and cranks, but who ought not to be proud of such a designation from such a source. Scholarly, refined, cultured, earnest gentleman as they are, of what avail are all these good qualities in the presence of such therapeutic bankruptcy? On the contrary, while so-called scientific medicine is to the fore, well may the daily papers announce in startling headlines, 'A bad day for General Grant—Seven doctors in consultation.'"

Yes, the hero of Appomattox is dying!

He who knew no fear in war, knows no fear in suffering. His quiet fortitude wins universal admiration.

President Lincoln, in visiting a hospital during the late war, noticed a poor Confederate boy, mortally wounded. With his native tenderness he put his arms around his neck in sympathy. The sight melted the hospital to tears.

The heart of the American people in like manner bleeds for Grant, the silent sufferer. It would have him get well, by any effective means.

His physicians say he cannot recover. They filled him with anodynes, but despite their favorable bulletins he is daily growing worse.

A specialist who has won reputation in the treatment of cancer visits his bedside. The opposition he encounters from the attending physicians brings painfully to mind the story of the dog in the manger.

And General Grant, perhaps, must die because of this intolerance! Is it possible that there is no hope of cure outside of the medical profession?

Preposterous!

For years medical men insisted that certain fevers were incurable, but *Chincona* proved the contrary. For centuries they have protested that certain venal disorders were incurable and yet a special preparation has cured and permanently cured the very worst cases.

Why may it not be possible in a like manner to cure a case of cancer? B. F. Larrabee, of Boston, was doomed to death by many eminent Boston physicians. J. B. Henion, M. D., of Rochester, N. Y., was given up by the best doctors of all schools. Elder J. S. Prescott, of Cleveland, Ohio, was gravely informed by them that he could not live, and yet these men and thousands like them have been cured and cured permanently, of serious Kidney disorders, by a remedy not officially known to the code.

What has been done may be done again. General Anson Stager died of Bright's disease in Chicago last week. "Joe" Goss, the Boston pugilist, died of it. Hundreds of thousands of people perish of it every year while in their doctor's hands. The cause of death may be called blood poisoning, paralysis, heart disease, convulsions, apoplexy, pneumonia, or some other common ailment, but the real difficulty is in the kidneys. Physicians know it but they conceal the fact from their patients, realizing their inability to cure by any "authorized" means. The remedy that cured Larrabee and Henion and Prescott (i. e., Warner's safe cure) is a special, independent discovery. Its record entitles it to recognition, and it gets it from intelligent people. Its manufacturers have an unsullied reputation and are entitled to as great consideration as any school of physicians.

Professor R. A. Gunn, M. D., Dean of the United States Medical College of New York city, rises above professional prejudice and on its personally proved merits alone gives it several pages of the warmest commendation in his published works—the only instance on record of a high professional endorsement of such a preparation.

The unprejudiced people do not want General Grant to die. If there is in all nature or any where in the world a remedy or a man able to cure his cancer, give them a chance.

Will they do it?

No.

Why?

Is it not too often the case that many excellent physicians who are greatly deverted to the code, would prefer that their patients should die rather than they should recover health by the use of any remedy not recognized under their code?

A GENUINE EDISON INCANDESCENT ELECTRIC LIGHT LAMP.

Battery with 1 Candle Lamp, Stand, and silk covered wire, $4.50
Battery with 2 Candle Lamp, Stand and silk covered wire, 5.00
Battery with 3 Candle Lamp, Stand, and silk covered wire, 6.00
Battery with 4 Candle Lamp, Stand, and silk covered wire, 7.00

These batteries will run the respective Lamps for two consecutive hours on one charge of solution.

Fig. 7 illustrated in a handsome wooden box, heavy gold plated 3/8 in. Reflector, Pendant, Pendant and optical Reflector, with Lamp, complete, 9.00

H. GUIMARAES & CO.,

37 Ann Street, NEW YORK CITY.

BRANCH OFFICE, Edison Electric Light Building, 65 Fifth Ave.

Terms strictly cash. Remit when ordering.

$50 WEEKLY EASILY EARNED!

We Want Agents for our celebrated Copying Inks, Copying Cushions, Copying Counterfeit Detectors and other goods that sell at sight. $50 weekly for one agent. Our agents report 5 to 10 sales daily. Send at once for terms and full particulars. $2 outfit FREE. SAFETY COPYING INK CO., 26 Broad Street, New York.

No Presents! Housekeepers, No Clubs! Fine Grade Tea

Having negotiated with the largest Tea Importers of New York for all their entire Teas, we will send to any part of the United States, on receipt of $1.00, three pounds mixed black or green Tea, such as retailed for $1 and upward per lb. Expressage free. Sample postpaid, 50c. FIRST CO., 21 Park Place, New York.

$10 A DAY Splendid Opportunity. GREAT NOVELTY. In Portraits. Sold Pictures Enlarged. CHIDESTER & CO., 61 Fulton St. N. Y.

$25.00 WEEKLY EASILY MADE. We want agents in every county for our Enlarged Portraits. Address F. A. Wilmarth & Co 963 & 965 Broadway N.Y.

ST. BERNARD VEGETABLE PILLS.

WARRANTED PURELY VEGETABLE. The best cure for Liver and Bilious Complaints, Costiveness, Headache, Dizziness and Dyspepsia. Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator they have no equal. No family should be without a box of the St. Bernard Vegetable Pills in the house. Price 25 cts. per box. Sent by mail. Samples sent FREE. Address P. NEUSTAEDTER & CO., 83 Mercer Street, New York.

$525.00 PER MONTH and a $150 Outfit Free to Agents to introduce Pictorial Wonders of the World. Our new enlarged Electro Portraits are the finest in the world. Address W. H. CHIDESTER & SON, 26 Bond Street, New York.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage and receive free a costly box of goods that will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in the world. Fortunes await the workers from the first hour. Absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. [4-4,'84-1y.*]

THE COMPLETE HOME. Agents Wanted for the most complete Illustrated Family Book. New edition.—New bindings.—New illustrations.—New maps.—New plates.—New type throughout. Agents in all classes. Sells to sight. Agents making big wages. EXCELLENT TERMS. The handsomest prospectus. HARTRANFT, GARRISON & CO., 66 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Also, fine gilt and new books and Bibles.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-14-tf.]

M. E. BUCKLEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, ALTOONA, PA.

☞ Office over the First National Bank. Entrance on 11th avenue, second door from 12th st.

H. H. MYERS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office in Callonade Row, on Centre street.

GEO. M. READE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office on Centre street, near High

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers. 100-Page Pamphlet, 10c.

PATENTS. Lemon, Simpson & Co., Washington D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for Inventors' Guide. Describe case.

Good Pay for Agents. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our Grand New History, Sermons and Bible of Bible of the World. Write to J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, or SHORT-HAND and Type-Writing HERE. Situations furnished. Address Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

MAY.

This, to the majority of our readers, is corn-planting month.

No other crop so demands that "we make haste slowly", as this. Corn being a tropical, or at least a sub-tropical plant, it requires a higher temperature for its germination and growth than do natives of temperate regions. The Indian's rule for planting when "the young oak leaves are as large as squirrel's ear," and the rule of the New England farmers, to plant when the shad-flower bush is in bloom, are only different ways of saying, "wait till the ground is warm." By whatever natural sign the time is fixed, it will be found that the season is so far advanced that the thermometer averages sixty dsgrees in the shade.—Corn is a rapid grower and demands a large amount of plant food, and some quick acting fertilizer may profitably be sown with the seed, to give the young plants a good start. The manure from the poultry house may be best used here. Whether to plant in hills or drills should be determined by the nature of the soil. Planting in drills gives more plants, and consequently a greater yield to the acre, and is best on clean land; hill-planting allows the crop to be worked both ways, and is preferable on weedy soils. The chief enemies to sprouting corn are cutworms and grubs below ground, and crows and blackbirds after it is up. Tarring the seeds will keep off the insects. A pint of tar is stirred with a peck of seed, until every kernel is evenly coated, then roll in plaster. Birds are kept off by scarecrows of some kind; clattering windmills being the most effective.

Grass land should be put in order for the mower by rolling; pick up fallen branches and whatever rubbish will obstruct the machine. No sensible farmer will pasture his meadow in the spring. A hundred pounds of nitrate of soda to the acre will be a profitable application, as will a bushel or two of plaster to clover.

As soon as the soil is ready, plant potatoes. Early planting of all varieties is advisable where the beetle is troublesome. If the bug attacks the crops, do not delay the use of Paris green.

If root crops are not grown on the farm, try a few mangles this year; and next year there will be a field of them. Mark off rich, well-mellowed ground in fifteen-inch rows, and drop a few seeds at every foot; cover an inch deep, and make the soil firm over them. When well up, remove all but the strongest plants. Some of the globe varieties are to be preferred to the long kinds.

Fodder crops to follow the rye must be provided. As soon as a strip of rye is cut off, plow, and sow early sweet corn or oats for a succession of fodder.—*Am. Agriculturist.*

—Curious to think that desks and chairs kill people, but they do. Taken in large quantities office furniture is fatal as yellow fever. We sit and write ourselves away.—Sedentary habits produce constipation; that begets dyspepsia; rheumatism and kidney trouble follow in their train, and death ends the chapter. Men whose lives are passed over desks and in the confined air of offices ought to keep Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" always at hand for the stomach and brain.

SCRATCHES IN HORSES.—This complaint often occurs in animals whose blood is impure, and is much more frequent in fall and spring than at other seasons. For an internal remedy, to three-fourths of a pound of sulphur, add one-fourth of a pound of pulverized saltpetre, and mix thoroughly so that each spoonful of the mixture taken up will contain three parts of sulphur and one of saltpetre. Give a tablespoonful in the food every night for a week, and then every other night for another week. Wash the leg affected with scratches with carbolic soapsuds, or, if that is not conveniently obtained, use castile soap acid crystals to two gallons of carbolic. Rub dry with soft cloths after bathing, so as to avoid taking cold, which would aggravate the difficulty. If there is much heat or swelling in the leg, take one pint of good cider vinegar, a half a pint of alcohol and two ounces of pulverized blue vitriol. Put into a bottle and let the vitriol dissolve. Shake thoroughly; then with a sponge wet with the mixture spat the affected part of the leg lightly, being careful to wet all the sores thoroughly, morning and night. This will help to reduce the inflammation and cause the sores to heal. Should the skin be dry and covered with scruff after the sores have healed, add to a bottle containig six ounces of glycerine one ounce of carbolic acid crystals, and when thoroughly mixed by shaking, apply a light coating once a day, washing it off every few days with warm carbolic soapsuds, or castile soapsuds with carbolic acid added, as above suggested. Be careful not to have the animal standing where a cold draught of air will come in contact with its heels, also be particularly careful to remove all coddings as soon as dropped. One-fourth of a tablespoonful of cayenne pepper two or three times a week, given in a bucket of water or at night in a feed, will have beneficial effect, as it serves to promote digestion.

A Remarkable Escape.

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months.

Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at E. James' Drug Store. Large Bottles $1.00.

Many Children

Suffer from day to day; puny, pallid, fretful and feverish, variable appetite and restless sleep, finally die, and their parents never suspecting the real cause, that the little sufferers' stomachs are infested and eaten through with worms. Twenty cts is invested in a box of McDonald's Celebrated Worm Powders would save the doctor's bills and the patient's life. Entirely vegetable. Easy to take. Money refunded to dissatisfied purchasers. For sale by E. James.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
Philadelphia Agents.

Low and Wanted.

The worst case in Cambria county of erofula, erysipelas, tetter or blood disease (any nature, inherited or acquired), to purchase one bottle of McDonald's great blood purifier or sarsaparillian alternative, use as directed and if not benefitted many times the value of its cost, your money will be returned. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia agents. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg. [5-9,-1y.*]

HANGING BASKETS.—Hanging baskets for plants are made of different materials and in a great variety of forms. Some are formed of wire, others of clay and ornamented with fancy mouldings, etc. Very pretty baskets in rustic style are made by covering the outside of a wooden bowl with fantastic knots and roots. This makes a pleasing basket, but we know of none so desirable as the old style of semi-globular wire basket, when properly filled.

To fill a wire basket, first obtain some of the green moss to be found on the lower portions of the trunks of trees in almost any shady piece of woods. This is to be used as a lining for the basket, turning the green side out, and entirely covering the inside of the wire form with the moss. Before filling the basket with soil, place a handful of charcoal or gravel in the bottom, which will hold the moisture. Fill the basket with rich, loose loam, such as will not harden with frequent waterings. Plants that are peculiarly suitable for hanging baskets are quite numerous, and from them a selection may be made that will please the most exacting taste. It is a mistake to crowd too many plants into a basket. If they grow they will soon become root bound, stunted, and look sickly. If the hanging basket be of the ordinary size, one large and choice plant in the centre with a few graceful vines to droop over the edges, will have a better effect when established and growing, than if it were crowded with plants at the time of filling. Hanging baskets being constantly suspended, they are exposed to drafts from all sides, and the soil is soon dried out. Hence careful watching is necessary to prevent the contents from becoming too dry. If the moss appears to be too dry, take the basket down and dip it once or twice in a pail of water; this is better than sprinkling from a watering-pot. In filling hanging baskets or vases of any kind, we invariably cover the surface with the same green moss used for lining, which, while it adds materially to the pleasing appearance of the whole, prevents the soil from drying out and becoming baked on the surface. If the surface of the soil in pots be covered with moss of this kind, especially in summer, moisture will be retained, and watering will be required much less frequently.—*American Agriculturist.*

General Chace, of Rhode Island, says: "I always keep Hunt's Remedy in my house, it prevents headache and kidney troubles."

We depart from our usual practice and recommend Hunt's Remedy as a sure cure for all kidney diseases.—*Medical Gazette.*

THE FORESTS OF ALASKA.—Alaska forests contain enough timber to supply the world. The forests of pine, spruce, fir, and hemlock cover every island of the archipelago and a goodly portion of the mainland. The trees are straight and tall and grow close together. The only sawmill in operation is at Douglas Island, and so far there has not been a cord of timber cut for shipment. The trees, as a rule, do not grow large, and will not always cut up into good-sized boards. For fuel, however, the wood is excellent, and much of it is available for building purposes. There is little decorative wood, although the yellow pine is richly colored, and might be used to advantage for inside work. Alaska spruce is an excellent variety, and often measures five feet in diameter. It is considered the best spruce in the world, and the supply is very abundant. In the interior of the country timber is of much heavier growth than near the coast and on the islands. Regarding the hemlock, there is a large supply and and the bark compares favorably with that of the eastern trees, used in tanning establishments. None have yet attempted to compute the value of Alaska's forests. It may be they will not be necessary for many years to come, but whenever wood grows scarce elsewhere, or whenever civilization fastens itself upon Alaska, the timber of the region will be found fusion. Carcoon[illegible] below to rich prolly the value of our possessions to-day, the forests must be considered. Practically inexhaustible, they add most materially to the wealth of the territory.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abcess on lungs, and reduced to a *walking Skeleton.* Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs."

Call at E. James' Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles $1.00.

INCREASED buoyancy of spirits, perfect assimilation of food, improved appetite, gain in flesh, sound, refreshing sleep, heightened color in the cheeks and lips, added brilliancy to the eyes, follow the use of McDonald's Great Blood Purifier or Sarsaparillian Alterative. A bottle or two used in the family would obviate the entire train of spring maladies. Dissatisfied purchasers can have their money refunded. For sale by E. James.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co.,
Philadelphia Agents.

THE USE of Iodoform or mercurials in the treatment of catarrh—whether in the form of suppositories or ointments—should be avoided, as they are both injurious and dangerous. Iodoform is easily detected by its offensive odor. The only reliable catarrh remedy is the marvelous Dr. Ely's Cream Balm, being free from all poisonous drugs. It has cured thousands of chronic and acute c